Marshall University Research Corporation

Combined Financial Statements as of and for the years ended
June 30, 2012 and 2011

Supplemental Schedule for the year ended June 30, 2012

Independent Auditors' Report and Reports Required by

OMB Circular A-133 for the year ended
June 30, 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Marshall University Research Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying combined statement of net assets of Marshall University Research Corporation (the "Corporation") as of June 30, 2012 and the related combined statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets and of cash flow for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements of the Corporation as of June 30, 2011, were audited by other auditors whose report dated October 11, 2011, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as of June 30, 2012, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2012, on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Corporation's financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Huntington, West Virginia

October 9, 2012

Marshall University Research Corporation Management Discussion and Analysis

Fiscal Year 2012

Introduction

The Marshall University Research Corporation ("MURC" or the "Corporation") is a non-profit state entity created by the West Virginia Legislature to further research and economic development activities within the State of West Virginia. MURC is a component unit of Marshall University ("Marshall") and is included as an integral part of Marshall's annual combined financial statements.

Overview

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is required supplementary information and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB).

This section of MURC's annual financial report provides an overview of MURC's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the previous fiscal year. Comparative analysis is also presented for fiscal year 2012 compared to fiscal year 2011.

The Corporation's financial report consists of three basic financial statements: the statement of net assets, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, and the statement of cash flows. These statements focus on the financial condition, the results of operations, and cash flows of the Corporation as a whole. Each of these statements is discussed below.

Net Assets

The statements of net assets present the assets (current and noncurrent), liabilities (current and noncurrent), and net assets (assets minus liabilities) of the Corporation as of the end of the fiscal year. Assets denote the resources available to continue the operations of the Corporation. Liabilities indicate how much the Corporation owes vendors, employees and lenders. Net assets measure the equity or the availability of funds of the Corporation for future periods.

Net Assets are displayed in three major categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt. This category represents the Corporation's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Restricted Net Assets. This category includes net assets, the use of which is restricted, either due to externally imposed constraints or because of restrictions imposed by law. They are further divided into two additional components - nonexpendable and expendable. Nonexpendable restricted net assets include endowment and similar type funds for which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift or grant instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal. Expendable restricted net assets include resources for which the Corporation is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted Net Assets. This category includes resources that are not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Such resources are derived primarily from facilities and administrative earnings and revenues from investments. Unrestricted net assets are used for transactions related to the educational and general operations of the Corporation and may be designated for specific purposes by the Corporation's Board of Directors. While the Corporation has not specifically designated Net Asset balances at June 30, 2012, certain amounts are reserved for specific programs.

Condensed Combined Statements of Net Assets (in thousands)

	As of June 30					
		2012		2011		2010
Assets:						- 112
Current assets	\$	26,975	\$	29,537	\$	30,306
Other noncurrent assets		17,807		15,668		5,209
Capital assets, net		17,717		19,009		15,933
Total Assets	\$	62,499	\$	64,214	\$	51,448
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	\$	6,198	\$	7,542	\$	6,640
Noncurrent liabilities	-	3,210		3,384		3,655
Total Liabilities	\$	9,408	\$	10,926	\$	10,295
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	14,215	\$	15,337	\$	12,043
Restricted:						
Non expendable		8,938		7,193		738
Expendable		17,300		18,769		17,593
Unrestricted		12,637		11,989		10,779
Total Net Assets	\$	53,090	\$	53,288	\$	41,153

Changes to Net Assets

The decrease in net assets of \$198,036 for FY2012 was the result of a decrease in total assets of \$1,715,229 and a decrease in total liabilities of \$1,517,193. This was primarily attributable to a decrease in accounts receivables of \$5,231,263, which is reflected by an increase of \$2,251,170 in cash, an increase in investments of \$2,158,393 and offset by a decrease in accounts payable of \$1,172,009. The increase in net assets of \$12,135,233 for FY2011 was primarily the result of the receipt of monies earned in connection with the West Virginia Research Trust fund totaling \$7,315,119, an increase in net capital assets of \$3,076,114, and an increase in unrestricted assets of \$1,211,322.

The first component is the Corporation's equity in capital assets, which decreased \$1,291,963 during FY2012 and increased \$3,293,798 during FY2011.

Restricted nonexpendable net assets were earned in connection with the "Bucks for Brains" West Virginia Research Trust fund in the amount of \$1,745,379 during FY2012 and \$6,454,313 during FY2011. Private donations were received by the Marshall University Foundation (the "Foundation") and were matched by a corresponding draw from the State on the project for each year. These funds are held in two nonexpendable funds – one at the Foundation and the other at MURC.

Additionally, restricted expendable net assets decreased by \$1,469,531during FY2012 and increased \$1,175,799 during FY2011. These monies have been restricted for use by entities outside the Corporation, mainly by granting agencies. This was primarily due to receipts totaling \$1,326,057 and \$900,476 in program income for FY2012 and FY2011 respectively.

Finally, unrestricted net assets increased by \$647,977 for FY2012 and \$1,211,322 for FY2011 over the prior year total. Surplus activity in Cost Recovery and Operating Funds accounts for the growth in this component. These monies can be expended for any legal purpose.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets present the revenues and expenses, both operating and non-operating, as well as other gains and losses of the Corporation.

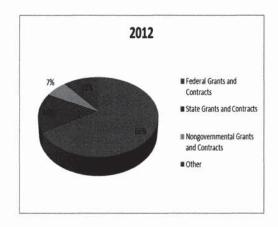
Operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the Corporation. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the Corporation. Revenues received for which goods and services are not provided are reported as non-operating revenues. For example, gifts are non-operating because they are provided by the donor to the Corporation without the donor directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues.

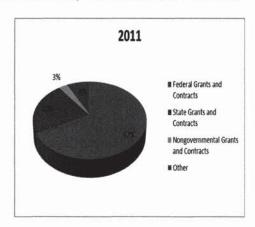
Condensed Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets (in thousands)

	Years Ended June 30						
		2012				2010	
Operating revenues	\$	38,845	\$	59,746	\$	44,992	
Operating expenses		(39,712)		(47,934)		(43,797)	
Operating income		(867)		11,812		1,195	
Nonoperating revenues		669	_	56		99	
Income before capital gifts and grants		(198)		11,868		1,294	
Capital grants and gifts	-	0	-	267		0	
Increase in Net Assets		(198)		12,135		1,294	
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	<u> </u>	53,288	_	41,153		39,859	
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	53,090	\$	53,288	\$	41,153	

Revenues:

The following charts illustrate the composition of revenues by source for 2012 and 2011:





Changes to Operating Revenues and Expenses

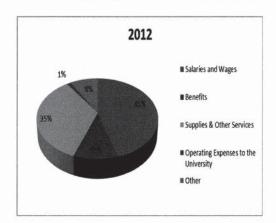
For FY2012, Operating Revenues were \$38,845,001 a decrease of \$20,900,816 compared to FY2011. This decrease was primarily the result of a decrease in federal awards of \$14,440,687 and state awards of \$8,443,438. The decrease in federal funding was primarily due to the end of the COBRE award that accounted for over \$3.5 million in FY2011, the INBRE II and HRSA awards received in FY2011. The decrease in state funding is primarily attributable to the decrease in monies received in connection with the research trust fund.

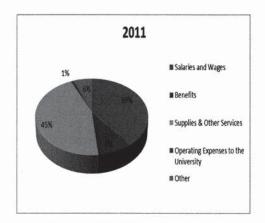
For FY2011, Operating Revenues were \$59,745,817, an increase of \$14,753,682 compared to the previous year. This increase was primarily due to an increase in federal awards of \$7,760,875 and state grants of \$7,245,326. The two largest new federal awards were an INBRE II award for \$3,086,572 and a HRSA award in connection with the Translational Genomic Research Institute for \$3,475,981. The increase in state grant awards was in connection with the research trust fund monies received.

Excluding construction related grant revenue, Operating Revenues for FY2012 decreased \$16,224,484 over FY2011 and increased \$10,053,388 over FY2010.

Expenses:

The following is a graphic comparison of total expenses by category between 2012 and 2011:





Operating Expenses were \$39,711,894 for FY2012 as compared to \$47,933,966 for FY2011, a decrease of \$8,222,072. For FY2012, salaries and benefits decreased by \$ 991,756 and expenditures for supplies and other services decreased by \$7,680,387 both attributable to decreased grant activity.

Operating Expenses were \$47,933,966 for FY2011 as compared to \$43,796,562 for FY2010, an increase of \$4,137,404. For FY2011, salaries and benefits decreased by \$804,050 and expenditures for supplies and other services increased by \$4,683,496, both attributable to increased grant activity.

Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows presents detailed information about the cash activity during the year. The statement helps users assess the Corporation's ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet obligations as they come due, and its need for external financing.

The statement of cash flows is divided into five sections:

Cash flows from operating activities show the net cash provided or used by the operating activities of the Corporation.

Cash flows from noncapital financing activities reflect the cash received and paid for non-operating, non-investing, and noncapital financing purposes.

Cash flows from capital and related financing activities include cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items.

Cash flows from investing activities show the purchases, proceeds, and interest received from investing activities.

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities provides a schedule that reconciles the accrual-based operating income (loss) and net cash provided by operating activities.

Condensed Combined Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)

	Years ended June 30					
		2012		2011		2010
Cash provided (used) by:						
Operating activities	\$	5,160	\$	14,354	\$	764
Capital and related financing activities		(1,472)		(5,179)		(2,133)
Investing activities		(1,437)	_	(10,279)		(2,957)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,251		(1,104)		(4,326)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning						
of year		15,436	_	16,540	_	20,866
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	17,687	\$	15,436	\$	16,540

The increase in cash balance in 2012 is primarily due to the collection of cash receipts in the amount of \$5,231,263. This increase was offset by the purchase of capital assets totaling \$1,346,443 and the payment of accounts payable in the amount of \$1,172,010. The decrease in cash balance in 2011 is primarily due to an increase in grant and contract activity which provided net cash of \$11,171,630. This increase was offset by the purchase of capital assets totaling \$5,526,525 and the purchase of investments totaling \$10,468,579.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The Corporation completed construction for an addition to the Forensic Science Center in September, 2009. Funding for the Forensic Science Center addition resulted in the Corporation incurring a note payable in the amount of \$3,000,000, which had a principal balance of \$2,539,397 at June 30, 2012. Other capital assets owned by the Corporation are primarily comprised of equipment purchased with funds provided directly within grant agreements or using indirect costs recovery funds. During FY2012, \$1,346,443 in capital assets was purchased which was primarily research equipment. The Corporation has no other debt obligations.

Economic Outlook

It has been an exceptional year for MURC. Although our grant activity has decreased as the result of timing of some awards and the ending of the stimulus funding, our research enterprise continues to grow and gives us this opportunity to boast of many new exciting achievements and impressive milestones.

- MURC joined with the University of Kentucky as a key partner in their Clinical and Translational Science Award (CTSA) from the National Institute of Health. The first grants were awarded through the Joint Pilot Research Program set up by Marshall and the University of Kentucky by the National Institutes of Health
- Marshall University opened the School of Pharmacy and the faculty had robust grant application activity
- Marshall received a significant award for community-based diabetes research from Bristol-Meyers Squibb setting a path for future funding
- The Robert C. Byrd Institute for Advanced Flexible Manufacturing has joined forces with Concord University to help entrepreneurs, small business and manufacturers in southern West Virginia develop and commercialize new products. The goal of the partnership's new West Virginia EDA University Center is to help increase business productivity, spur innovation and entrepreneurship, and improve long-term regional competiveness and economic diversification across the state.
- The Rahall Transportation Institute (RTI) was chose by the US Department of Transportation to lead
 the "Multimodal Transportation and Infrastructure Consortium (MTIC). MTIC, which includes the
 University of Kentucky, the University of Louisville and Hampton University, will promote
 economic development by research, analysis and education devoted to exploring how transportation
 can promote commerce
- Two official patents were awarded from the US Patent and Trademark office "Railroad Surveying and Monitoring System", and "Methods of Detecting and Controlling Pseudomonas Biofilm Production"

- Our internationally recognized Forensic Science Center completed a DNA analysis project that eliminated the New Orleans Police Departments backlog of 800 untested sexual assault kits. The success of this engagement has led to a similar project with the Detroit Police Department
- Paleontologist Dr. F. Robin O'Keefe and a colleague were published in the prestigious journal of Science for their findings concerning the first evidence that plesiosaurs gave birth to live young. Dr. O'Keefe and his colleague were also featured in a national news segment which brought recognition to the work of our scientists here at Marshall University

These are just a few examples of the wide array of exciting accomplishments that attest to the growth of our research enterprise. Marshall's approach to expanding its research activity is five-fold:

- Recruit research-active faculty at junior and senior levels and provide mentoring and support
- Focus research investments in areas of excellence and strategically developing new foci in a programmed manner
- Incentivize research activity
- Develop physical and cyber infrastructure necessary to support and sustain research activity
- Form broader collaborations and partnerships and educate funding agencies about Marshall's capacity and capabilities

Marshall's strategy for increasing the scope and capability of its research enterprise is embodied in the Marshall University Strategic Initiatives, endorsed by the Marshall University Board of Governors and under implementation since early 2006. This vision establishes the University's foremost priorities and serves as the integrated roadmap for advancing the University. Holistically, furthering economic development in West Virginia, nationally, and internationally through entrepreneurial research in targeted areas of scientific strength is one of the fundamental expectations of this plan.

While we realize we face the contingency of an uncertain economic climate which may impact the market value of investments and perhaps a decline in funding from recent years, we remain very confident in our ability to seek and acquire funding opportunities due to talent and dedication of our faculty and staff. We remain unwavering in our commitment to provide the finest service to both Marshall and our community.

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

ASSETS	2012	2011
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Grants and contracts receivable — net of allowance	\$17,686,827	\$15,435,657
of \$349,554 and \$392,105 in 2012 and 2011, respectively Other accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	8,447,942 55,954 323,008	13,679,205 67,480 354,894
Total current assets	26,513,731	29,537,236
NONCURRENT ASSETS: Other accounts receivable		17,264
Deferred charges — debt issuance costs Investments	38,000 17,768,595	40,375 15,610,202
Deposits Capital assets — net	461,485 17,716,855	19,008,818
Total noncurrent assets	35,984,935	34,676,659
TOTAL	\$62,498,666	\$64,213,895

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	2012	2011
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Notes payable — current portion Compensated absences Deferred revenue	\$ 1,225,063 728,746 124,101 856,518 3,263,835	\$ 2,397,072 839,156 121,953 872,142 3,311,328
Total current liabilities	6,198,263	7,541,651
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: Notes payable Deferred rent revenue	2,415,296 795,281	2,539,396 844,986
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,210,577	3,384,382
Total liabilities	9,408,840	10,926,033
NET ASSETS: Invested in capital assets — net of related debt Restricted for: Nonexpendable	14,214,803 8,937,884	15,336,664 7,192,505
Expendable — sponsored projects Unrestricted	17,299,498 12,637,641	18,769,029 11,989,664
Total net assets	_53,089,826	53,287,862
TOTAL	\$62,498,666	\$64,213,895
See notes to combined financial statements.		(Concluded)

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	2011
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Contracts and grants:		
Federal	\$25,769,632	\$40,210,319
State	6,293,174	13,397,306
Private and local	2,537,800	1,658,085
Program income	1,326,057	1,477,726
Miscellaneous — net	2,918,338	3,002,381
Total operating revenues	38,845,001	59,745,817
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Salaries and wages	17,885,531	18,877,287
Benefits	4,187,543	4,299,302
Supplies and other services	13,723,830	21,404,217
Utilities	779,220	655,516
Student financial aid — scholarships and fellowships	509,689	522,856
Depreciation	2,626,081	2,174,788
Total operating expenses	39,711,894	47,933,966
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(866,893)	11,811,851
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Investment income — including unrealized gain of \$228,168		
and \$32,082 in 2012 and 2011, respectively	721,372	221,935
Interest on indebtedness	(86,689)	(90,257)
Loss on disposal of equipment	34,174	(75,623)
Net nonoperating revenues	668,857	56,055
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL GIFTS AND GRANTS	(198,036)	11,867,906
CAPITAL GRANTS AND GIFTS		267,327
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	(198,036)	12,135,233
NET ASSETS — Beginning of year	53,287,862	41,152,629
NET ASSETS — End of year	\$53,089,826	\$53,287,862

See notes to combined financial statements.

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	2011
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Contracts and grants	\$ 39,826,928	\$ 55,682,586
Payments to and on behalf of employees	(22,535,990)	(23,245,264)
Payments to suppliers	(15,086,632)	(21,265,692)
Payments for utilities	(779,220)	(655,516)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(509,689)	(522,856)
Program income	1,326,057	1,477,726
Other receipts — net	2,918,339	2,882,618
Other receipts — het	2,910,339	2,002,010
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,159,793	14,353,602
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Payments on notes payable	(121,952)	(119,565)
Purchases of capital assets	(1,346,443)	(5,259,198)
Deferred rent revenue collected	(49,705)	
Proceeds from disposal of equipment	46,500	200,000
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,471,600)	(5,178,763)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of investments	(10,357,049)	(10,468,579)
Sale/maturity of investments	8,198,654	(10,400,379)
Investment income	721,372	189,853
mvestment meome		109,033
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,437,023)	(10,278,726)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND		
CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,251,170	(1,103,887)
CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,231,170	(1,105,007)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS — Beginning of year	\$ 15,435,657	16,539,544
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS — End of year	\$ 17,686,827	\$ 15,435,657
		(Continued)

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	2011
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (866,893)	\$11,811,851
Depreciation expense Gain on disposal of equipment Changes in assets and liabilities:	2,626,081 (34,175)	2,174,788
Accounts receivable — net Prepaid expenses and deposits Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Compensated absences	5,259,620 (429,599) (1,172,009) (110,410) (97,198) (15,624)	(278,036) (17,347) 203,149 (136,565) 597,090 (1,328)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 5,159,793	\$14,353,602
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS: (Loss) on disposal of equipment	\$	\$ (75,623)
Donated assets	\$	\$ 267,327
See notes to combined financial statements.		(Concluded)

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

1. ORGANIZATION

Marshall University Research Corporation (the "Corporation") is a not-for-profit corporation incorporated in 1987, pursuant to the laws of the State of West Virginia (the "State"). The purpose of the Corporation is to foster, support, and assist in any research and economic development activities consistent with the educational objectives and mission of Marshall University (the "University"). The Corporation has been designated by the University to fulfill the role of public institutions to work in partnership with business, industry, or government. The Corporation encourages the acceptance of gifts, grants, contracts, and equipment, and the sharing of facilities, equipment, and skilled personnel to promote and develop joint, applied research and development, technical assistance, and instructional programs in the State. The Corporation is considered a component unit of the University.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The combined financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards (GASB). The financial statement presentation required by GASB provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the Corporation's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, expenses, changes in net assets, and cash flows, and replaces the fund-group perspective previously required.

The Corporation follows all GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 and has elected not to apply the FASB Statements and Interpretations issued subsequent to November 30, 1989, to its financial statements.

Reporting Entity — The Corporation is combined with the University (its parent), as the University is the sole member of the nonstock, not-for-profit corporation. The University is an operating unit of the West Virginia Higher Education Fund and represents separate funds of the State that are not included in the State's general fund. The University is a separate entity, which, along with all State institutions of higher education, the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission (which includes West Virginia Network for Educational Telecomputing) (the "Commission"), and the West Virginia Council for Community and Technical College Education, form the Higher Education Fund of the State. The Higher Education Fund is considered a component unit of the State, and its financial statements are discretely presented in the State's comprehensive annual financial report.

The accompanying combined financial statements present all funds under the authority of the Corporation, including Marshall Institute for Interdisciplinary Research, Inc. (MIIR). The basic criteria for inclusion in the accompanying combined financial statements is the exercise of oversight responsibility derived from the Corporation's ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters of related entities.

Financial Statement Presentation — GASB establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that financial statements be presented on a combined basis to focus on the Corporation as a whole. Net assets are classified into four categories according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets for satisfaction of Corporation obligations. The Corporation's net assets are classified as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets — *Net of Related Debt* — This represents the Corporation's total investment in capital assets, net of depreciation and outstanding debt used to fund those capital assets.

Restricted Net Assets, Expendable — This includes resources for which the Corporation is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Restricted Net Assets, Nonexpendable — This includes endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift or grant instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Unrestricted Net Assets — Unrestricted net assets represent resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of educational activities. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the Corporation, and may be used at the discretion of the Board of Directors to meet current expenses for any purpose.

Basis of Accounting— For financial reporting purposes, the Corporation is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the Corporation's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting with a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are reported when earned and expenses when materials or services are received. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents — For purposes of the statements of net assets, the Corporation considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Cash Flows — Any cash and cash equivalents escrowed, restricted for noncurrent assets, or in funded reserves have not been included as cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the combined statements of cash flows.

Investments — Investments, other than alternative investments, are presented at fair value based on quoted market prices. The alternative investments are carried at estimated fair value. These valuations include assumptions and methods that were reviewed by University management and are primarily based on quoted market prices for the underlying investments or other observable market data. The University believes that the carrying amount of its alternative investments is a reasonable estimate of fair value. Because a portion of alternative investments are not readily marketable, and the estimated value is subject to uncertainty, the reported value may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market existed.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts — It is the Corporation's policy to provide for future losses on uncollectible accounts, contracts, grants, and loans receivable based on an evaluation of the underlying account, contract, grant, and loan balances, the historical collectibility experienced by the Corporation on such balances and such other factors which, in the Corporation's judgment, require consideration in estimating doubtful accounts.

Capital Assets — Capital assets include equipment, buildings, and construction in progress. Capital assets are stated at cost at the date of acquisition or construction, or fair market value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 5 to 12 years for furniture and equipment and 50 years for buildings.

Deferred Revenue — Revenues for programs or activities to be conducted in the next fiscal year are classified as deferred revenue.

Deferred Rent Revenue — Deferred rent revenue represents the monies received from Huntington Area Development Council (HADCO). Recognition of this revenue was deferred during the construction of a business start-up incubator. The beginning total \$994,101 of deferred rent to be received from HADCO is being recognized evenly over a 20-year period commencing July 2010.

Compensated Absences — The Corporation accounts for compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB. GASB requires entities to accrue for employees' rights to receive compensation for vacation leave, or payments in lieu of accrued vacation, as such benefits are earned and payment becomes probable.

Risk Management — The State's Board of Risk and Insurance Management (BRIM) provides general liability coverage to the Corporation and its employees. Such coverage may be provided to the Corporation by BRIM through self-insurance programs maintained by BRIM or policies underwritten by BRIM that may involve experience-related premiums or adjustments to BRIM.

BRIM engages an independent actuary to assist in the determination of its premiums so as to minimize the likelihood of premium adjustments to the Corporation or other participants in BRIM's insurance programs. As a result, management does not expect significant differences between the premiums the Corporation is currently charged by BRIM and the ultimate cost of that insurance based on the Corporation's actual loss experience. In the event such differences arise between estimated premiums currently charged by BRIM to the Corporation and the Corporation's ultimate actual loss experience, the difference will be recorded, as the change in estimate becomes known.

Classification of Revenues — The Corporation has classified its revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating Revenues — Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) most federal, state, local, and nongovernmental grants and contracts, (2) federal appropriations, and (3) sales and services of educational activities.

Nonoperating Revenues — Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, and other revenues that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB, such as investment income.

Other Revenues — Other revenues primarily consist of capital grants and gifts.

Use of Restricted Net Assets — The Corporation has not adopted a formal policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. Generally, the Corporation attempts to utilize restricted funds first when practicable.

Government Grants and Contracts — Government grants and contracts normally provide for the recovery of direct and indirect costs, subject to audit. The Corporation recognizes revenue associated with direct costs as the related costs are incurred. Recovery of related indirect costs is generally recorded at fixed rates negotiated for a period of one to five years. As of June 30, 2012, the Corporation recorded accounts receivable of \$2,763,821 associated with the State and other affiliates.

Tax Status — The Corporation has applied for and received from the Internal Revenue Service an exemption from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code as an entity organized for educational, research, and economic development purposes.

Use of Estimates — The preparation of combined financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the combined financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Risk and Uncertainties — Investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in risk and values could occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the combined financial statements.

Newly Adopted Statements Issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board — During 2012, the Corporation adopted issued Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus — an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. This statement improves financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by improving guidance for including, presenting, and disclosing information about component units and equity interest transactions of the entity. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

The Corporation also adopted Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. This statement incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance included in the FASB and AICPA pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989. This statement improves financial reporting by contribution to the GASB's efforts to codify all sources of generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments so that they derive from a single source. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

The Corporation also adopted Statement No. 64, *Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions*. This statement improves financial reporting by clarifying whether an effective hedging relationship continues after the replacement of a swap counterparty or a swap counterparty's credit support provider. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Recent Statements Issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board — The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. The objective of this statement is to provide guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in the statement of financial position and related disclosures. The Corporation has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 63 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2012. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The Corporation has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 65 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections — 2012: An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 64, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2012 This statement improves accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. The Corporation has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 66 may have on its financial statements.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. This statement enhances the information provided in the financial statements regarding the effects of pension-related transactions, the pension obligations of the entity, and the resources available to satisfy those obligations. The Corporation has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68 may have on its financial statements.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The composition of cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, is as follows:

	2012	2011
Money market and cash equivalents In bank	\$17,669,690 17,137	\$15,428,747 6,910
	\$17,686,827	\$15,435,657

The carrying amount of cash in bank at June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$17,137 and \$6,910 respectively, as compared with a bank balance of \$6,910 and \$16,924, respectively. Any differences are primarily the result of outstanding checks and items in transit. The bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance as noted below or were collateralized by securities held by the State's agent. Regarding federal depository insurance, interest bearing accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. Non-interest bearing accounts are 100% insured through December 31, 2013.

In January 2011, the monies were invested through Smith Barney. At June 30, 2012 and 2011, \$364,717 and \$381,249, respectively was held in a cash account insured by the Security Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

Cash equivalents totaling \$17,304,973 and \$14,445,806 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, are held in repurchase agreements, and a business savings account collateralized at 110% and 112%, respectively. The collateral was held in the name of the Corporation.

4. INVESTMENTS

Investments at June 30, 2012 and 2011, consist of the following:

	2012	2011
U.S. Government national mortgage association securities Jeffries & Company, Inc Alternative Investments	\$ 15,053,174 2,715,421	\$13,463,876
Common fund — intermediate-term fund		2,146,326
Total investments	\$17,768,595	\$15,610,202

Investments have been reported at fair value and categorized as Level 1, 2, or 3. Level 1 represents investments that have a quoted price in the active market. Level 2 represents investments with direct or indirect market inputs. Level 3 represents investments with no observable market.

			2012	
Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Jeffries & Company, Inc. Alternative Investments U.S. Government National Mortgage	\$	\$	\$ 2,715,421	\$ 2,715,421
Association Securities	·	15,053,174	P	15,053,174
	\$	\$15,053,174	\$ 2,715,421	\$17,768,595
			2011	
Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Common fund — intermediate-term fund U.S. Government National Mortgage	\$ -	\$ 2,138,437	\$ 7,888	\$ 2,146,325
Association Securities	8	13,463,877		13,463,877
	\$ -	\$15,602,314	\$ 7,888	\$15,610,202

The following table displays the changes in the fair value of the Corporation's Level 3 assets for the year ended June 30, 2012:

\$ 7,888		
(74,341)		
2,781,874		
	\$	2,715,421
	(74,341)	(74,341)

Credit Risk — The Corporation's investment policy limits individual investments to U.S. Government agency securities and nationally recognized bond funds holding those securities. The U.S. Government National Mortgage Association Securities held by the corporation have an average maturity of 2 years and 2.5 years, respectively, for fiscal year 2012 and 2011. The Intermediate Term Fund had an average maturity of 1.6 years for fiscal year 2011. The Intermediate Term Fund holdings were moved to an alternate investment portfolio in Jeffries & Company Inc., in 2012. At both June 30, 2012 and 2011, the Corporation's investment in U.S. Government National Mortgage Association Securities were rated AAA as government-backed securities. The alternative investments held by Jeffries & Company do not have an assigned rating. The average rating of the Intermediate Term Fund was AA at June 30, 2011.

Concentration of Credit Risk — To minimize risk, the Corporation's investment policy allows for no more than 60% of available assets to be invested with any one issuer, except U.S. Government securities.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The summary of capital asset transactions for the Corporation for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

		20	012	
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
Capital assets:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$	\$	\$ -
Building	4,932,619			4,932,619
Equipment	31,648,274	1,346,443	(474,737)	32,519,980
Total capital assets	36,580,893	1,346,443	(474,737)	37,452,599
Less accumulated depreciation — building	(172,641)	(98,652)		(271,293)
Less accumulated depreciation — equipment	(17,399,434)	(2,527,429)	462,412	_(19,464,451)
Total accumulated depreciation	(17,572,075)	(2,626,081)	462,412	(19,735,744)
Capital assets — net	\$ 19,008,818	\$(1,279,638)	\$ (12,325)	\$ 17,716,855
		20	011	
	Beginning			Ending
	Beginning Balance	Additions 20	Reductions	Ending Balance
Capital assets:	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
Construction in progress	Balance			Balance
Construction in progress Building	\$ - 4,932,619	Additions	Reductions	\$ - 4,932,619
Construction in progress	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
Construction in progress Building	\$ - 4,932,619	Additions	Reductions	\$ - 4,932,619
Construction in progress Building Equipment	\$ - 4,932,619 27,867,240 32,799,859 (73,989)	Additions \$5,526,5255,526,525(98,652)	Reductions \$ - (1,745,491)	\$ - 4,932,619 31,648,274
Construction in progress Building Equipment Total capital assets	\$ - 4,932,619 27,867,240 32,799,859	Additions \$5,526,5255,526,525	Reductions \$ - (1,745,491)	\$ - 4,932,619 31,648,274 36,580,893
Construction in progress Building Equipment Total capital assets Less accumulated depreciation — building	\$ - 4,932,619 27,867,240 32,799,859 (73,989)	Additions \$5,526,5255,526,525(98,652)	Reductions \$(1,745,491)(1,745,491)	\$ - 4,932,619 31,648,274 36,580,893 (172,641)

The Corporation's capitalization threshold was \$5,000 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011.

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The summary of long-term obligation transactions for the Corporation for the years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011 is as follows:

			2012		
	Beginning			Ending	Current
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Portion
Notes payable	\$2,661,349	\$	\$(121,952)	\$2,539,397	\$124,101
Deferred rent	894,691		(49,705)	844,986	49,705
Total long-term liabilities	\$3,556,040	\$	\$(171,657)	\$3,384,383	
			2011		
	Beginning			Ending	Current
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Portion
Notes payable	\$2,780,914	\$ -	\$(119,565)	\$2,661,349	\$121,953
Deferred rent	994,101	ē——— :	(99,410)	894,691	49,705
Total long-term liabilities	\$3,775,015	\$ -	\$(218,975)	\$3,556,040	

7. NOTES PAYABLE

In 2008, the Corporation borrowed the proceeds of a bond issuance by the Cabell County Commission for the construction of an addition to the Marshall University Forensic Science Center. The Corporation's repayment terms are the same as the bond repayment term. The Corporation made the first interest payments on October 10, 2008, for the interest due on the loans semi-annually and first annual principal payment on April 1, 2009, based on a hypothetical amortization of the then-remaining principal balance at the then-applicable interest rate for the then-remaining years of the original 20-year amortization period ending April 10, 2028. Any remaining principal balance shall be payable in full on April 10, 2028. However, any unspent mortgage proceeds would go to pay the first amounts due for interest and principal. The interest rate on the bonds was 3.2% at April 10, 2008, and will continue to and include year five, and will change for each subsequent five-year period to the rate per annum equal to 67% of the five-year Treasury Constant Maturity in effect on that date, plus 1.67% per annum.

At June 30, 2012, the scheduled maturities on notes payable are as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2013	\$ 124,101	\$ 81,261
2014	128,073	77,289
2015	132,170	73,191
2016	136,400	68,962
2017	140,764	64,597
2018-2022	774,342	252,465
2023-2027	906,424	120,383
2028	197,123	6,309
	\$2,539,397	\$744,457

8. LEASES

Future annual minimum lease payments on operating leases for years subsequent to June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30	
2013	\$ 84,600
2014	18,000
2015	16,500
Total	\$119,100

Total rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, was \$370,728 and \$367,284, respectively. The Corporation does not have any non-cancelable leases.

9. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A summary of balances and transactions with the University as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

	2012	2011
Grants and contracts receivable	\$2,763,821	\$2,146,039
Advances receivable	250,000	250,000
Other sources of revenue	400,645	317,656
Payroll and benefits expense	5,430,321	5,528,775
Other expenses	890,287	1,043,962

10. UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS

At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the Corporation has no designated net assets.

11. RETIREMENT PLAN

All eligible employees of the Corporation participate in the Teachers Insurance and Annuities Association — College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF). The TIAA-CREF is a defined contribution plan in which benefits are based solely upon amounts contributed, plus investment earnings. Each employee who elects to participate in this plan is required to make a contribution equal to 6% of total annual compensation. The Corporation matches the employees' 6% contributions. Contributions are immediately and fully vested. In addition, employees may elect to make additional contributions to TIAA-CREF which is not matched by the Corporation.

Total contributions to the TIAA-CREF for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, were \$1,814,090, \$1,907,209, and \$1,956,297, respectively, which consisted of \$846,434, \$886,766, and \$916,806, respectively, from the Corporation and \$967,655, \$1,020,443, and \$1,039,491, respectively, from employees.

The Corporation's total payroll for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$17,620,254 and \$18,670,328, respectively. Total covered employees' salaries in TIAA-CREF were \$14,107,240 and \$14,779,431 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

12. CONTINGENCIES

The nature of the educational industry is such that, from time to time, claims will be presented against universities on account of alleged negligence, acts of discrimination, breach of contract, or disagreements arising from the interpretation of laws or regulations. While some of these claims may be for substantial amounts, they are not unusual in the ordinary course of providing educational services in a higher education system. In the opinion of management, all known claims are covered by insurance or are such that an award against the Corporation would not seriously impact the financial status of the Corporation.

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. Corporation management believes disallowances, if any, will not have a significant impact on the Corporation's financial position.

13. NATURAL CLASSIFICATIONS WITH FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS

For the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, the following table represents operating expenses within both natural and functional classifications:

				2012			
	Salaries		Supplies and		Scholarships and		
	Wages	Benefits	Other Services	Utilities	Fellowships	Depreciation	Total
Instruction Research Public service Academic support Student services General institutional support Operations and maintenance of plant Depreciation	\$ 612,296 4,502,686 8,530,259 232 288,755 3,951,303	\$ 144,178 916,251 2,014,728 17 70,854 1,041,515	\$ 754,089 5,679,177 4,576,209 15,325 204,546 2,312,009 182,475	\$ 27,546 158,690 3,528 589,456	\$ 48,691 190,453 118,955 34,730 72,900 43,960	\$,2,626,081	\$ 1,559,254 11,316,113 15,398,841 50,304 640,583 7,938,243 182,475 2,626,081
Total	\$17,885,531	\$4,187,543	\$13,723,830	\$779,220	\$509,689	\$2,626,081	\$39,711,894
	Salaries and Wages	Benefits	Supplies and Other Services	Utilities	Scholarships and Fellowships	Depreciation	Total
Instruction Research Public service Academic support Student services General institutional support Operations and maintenance of plant Depreciation	\$ 606,695 6,109,039 8,131,847 2,226 279,126 3,748,354	\$ 99,034 1,308,279 1,872,565 286 66,757 952,381	\$ 568,913 10,156,948 7,767,371 27,683 324,658 2,497,061 61,583	\$ 14 72,225 146,767 17,900 6,745 411,865	\$ 38,864 146,325 158,649 35,907 77,573 60,538	2,174,788	\$ 1,313,520 17,792,816 18,077,199 84,002 754,859 7,670,199 61,583 2,179,788
Total	\$ 18,877,287	\$ 4,299,302	\$21,404,217	\$655,516	\$522,856	\$2,174,788	\$47,933,966

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE

Federal Expenditures		\$ 217,716	5,442	223,158		24,193	20,825	303,768	349,337			548,514			15,893		2,449,060	3,711,590	258	258	193,160	193,160	(Continued)
	199,626								110 370	3/3,941	112,313		510	15,383		2,416,305							
	€9										Ŀ					920							
Indirect Agency Award Number	CR-0636-003				0511-0897-351-01,	A11A-021-0220				3010 3508				N/A		W911NF-11-C-0076							
Indirect Agency	West Virginia State University					Parabon Nanolabs, Inc				December of the University of Colifornia	regents of the University of Camor			L.C. Pegasus Corporation		Parabon Nanolabs, Inc.							
CFDA/ Contract Number	10.200	10.200 Subtotal	10.652			12.000	12.107	12.110	12.420	12.431	12.431	12.431 Subtotal	12.800	12.800	12.800 Subtotal	12.910 12.910	12.910 Subtotal	٠	15.657		16.560		
Source	D I		D			н	О	Ωί	۵ د	a -	-		D	П		D			D		D		
Federal Agency	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT: National Institute of Food and Agriculture National Institute of Food and Agriculture		Forest Service	Total Department of Agriculture		U.S. Army RDECOM	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	Office of The Chief of Engineers	U.S. Army Medical Command	U.S. Army Material Command	U.S. Army Material Command		Department of the Air Force	Department of the Air Force		Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency		Total Department of Defense	Fish and Wildlife Service	Total Department of the Interior	Office of Justice Programs	Total Department of Justice	

FOR THE LEAN ENDED JOINE 30, 2012		CFDA/ Contract		Indirect Agency Award	Federal
Federal Agency	Source	Number	Indirect Agency	Number	Expenditures
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT (Continued):	-	00000	WW Danatmant of Transactoria	O2C# GG FIOCUM	007 66
Federal Highway Administration Federal Righway Administration	- I Q	20.205 20.313	w v Department of Transportation WV Department of Transportation	WYLOH KF #200 SPR-12;SPR-FL-0001(0046)	232 232 541
Federal Railroad Administration		20.515	WV Department of Transportation Virginia Center for Transportation Innovation	X241-121-0-7800	31,942
Research and Innovative Technology Administration Department of Transporation		20.931 20.999	and Research WV Department of Transportation	102142 ATI-TRP99-04	13,092 (5,651)
Total Department of Transportation					72,836
National Aeronautics and Space Administration		43.001 43.007 43.008	West Virginia University West Virginia University West Virginia University	Various 07-476-MURC 11-542-MURC	119,809 9,990 174,373
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration					304,172
National Science Foundation National Science Foundation National Science Foundation	Q Q -	47.041 47.049 47.049	Appalachian State University	26,966 1-0125/A12-0036-S00	2,587
		47.049 Subtotal			41,182
National Science Foundation	000	47.074 47.075 47.076 47.076 47.076	University of Kentucky University of South Carolina	58,735 3048032200-07-251 20,527 DUE-1022661 23,520	128,986 89,281 85 87 20
		47.076 Subtotal			102,782
National Science Foundation	0 0 - 0 -	47.079 47.080 47.081 47.082ARRA 47.082ARRA	WV Higher Education Policy Commission WV Higher Education Policy Commission	HEPC.dsr.11.05 260,672 HEPC.dsr.10.02 275,904	
Total National Science Foundation		47.082 Subtotal			536,576

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012	710					
		J		Indirect Agency Award		Federal
Federal Agency	Source	Number	Indirect Agency	Number		Expenditures
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT (Continued): Office of Research and Development	D	66.516				5,063
Total Environmental Protection Agency						5,063
Department of Energy	D	81.049				943,812
Department of Energy Department of Energy		81.108 81.128ARRA	Los Alamos National Security LLC WV Division of Energy	79064-001-09 11-081		14,323
Total Department of Energy						974,945
Office of Postsecondary Education	D	84.116				110,100
Total Department of Education						110,100
Health Resources and Services Administration National Institutes of Health	0 0	93.110				6,505
National Institutes of Health National Institutes of Health	Ω –	93.389	University of Kentucky	3048108253-11-405	3,231,865 40,672	
		93.389 Subtotal				3,272,537
National Institutes of Health National Institutes of Health	QQ	93.393				280,169 52,880
National Institutes of Health National Institutes of Health	00	93.395 93.701ARRA				81,331
National Institutes of Health National Institutes of Health National Institutes of Health	200	93.837 93.847 93.853				191,689 266,259 14.052
	П	93.865	The Children's Hoepital of Philadelphia	PO950563RSUB	33,798	
		93.865 Subtotal	7			34,008
Health Resources and Services Administration Health Resources and Services Administration Health Resources and Services Administration	D D	93.866 93.887 93.888				(8,354) 109,618 65,414
Department of Health and Human Services Total	al					4,824,747
Subtotal Research and Development						12,072,020

Federal Agency	Source	CFDA/ Contract Number	Indirect Agency	Indirect Agency Award Number	ũ	Federal Expenditures
OTHER PROGRAMS: Food & Nutrition Service	_	10.561	West Virginia University	99-046A-MURC	Ţ	561,650
Total Department of Agriculture					I	561,650
Economic Development Administration	D	11.303			ı	38,304
Total Department of Commerce						38,304
Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers US Army Corps of Engineers Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers Advanced Research Project	0000	12.000 12.107 12.110 12.910			1	43,978 86,184 219,701 74,421
Total Department of Defense					l	424,284
Geological Survey Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement	ΩО	15.809 15.XXX			1	12,216
Total Department of the Interior						12,314
Department of Justice Department of Justice National Institute of Justice Office of Justice Programs	1 D D 1	16.260 16.560 16.560	MPRI a Division of L-3 Services, Inc. WV Division of Criminal Justice Services Various National Forensic Science Technology Ctr 2007-mu-BX-K008		3,120,390	8,042 78,814
		16.560 Subtotal			ļ	3,125,583
Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	D I	16.727	WV Division of Criminal Justice Services	11-400	(47) 41,198	
		16.727 Subtotal			3	41,151
Department of Justice Total Department of Justice	О	17.603			1	69,002

Federal Expenditures	181,252	990,267	920	3,238,296	(8,928)	4,401,807	3,123	150,289	123,228	490,345	333	2,301	2,301	180,281	328,813	859,494	5,947	5,947
	(076) 833,054 157,213		3,255,465 (17,169)				98,448											
Indirect Agency Award Number	9-CRA/SH-4.00/OCRO-2011 (076) U311-ACS-1.00 U399-WVD/OH-1.00		N/A TTP 0505		N/A		WV-16454-09				GA GA08C016	11554		3046635800-07-179	HEPC.dsr.11.10		AGM-052	
Indirect Agency	WV Department of Transportation WV Department of Transportation WV Department of Transportation		WV Department of Transportation WV Department of Transportation		Missouri Highways and Transportation		WV Division of Energy				Waynesburg University	WV Humanities Council		University of Kentucky	WV Higher Education Policy Commission		WV Department of Environmental Protection	
CFDA/ Contract Number	20.XXX 20.205 20.205	20.205 Subtotal	20.232 20.701 20.701	20.701 Subtotal	20.816		23.001 23.002 23.002	23.002 Subtotal	23.003		42.001	45.129		47.049	47.082ARRA		818.99	
Source			I D I		-		ООГ		ОО		-	-	****	- 0	J		-	
Federal Agency	OTHER PROGRAMS (Continued): Department of Transporation Federal Railroad Administration Federal Railroad Administration		Federal Railroad Administration Research and Innovative Technology Administration Research and Special Programs Administration		Maritime Administration	Total Department of Transportation	Appalachian Regional Commission Appalachian Regional Commission Appalachian Regional Commission		Appalachian Regional Commission Appalachian Regional Commission	Total Appalachian Regional Commission	Library of Congress Total Library of Congress	National Endowment for the Humanities	Total National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities	National Science Foundation	National Science Foundation	Total National Science Foundation	Environmental Protection Agency	Total Environmental Protection Agency

Federal Expenditures	55312	410,00	1,234,315	102,530	395,816		357,566		52,536	2,142,763	(126)	31,133
	53,522	285,502 703,576 34,877 210,360		354,263		357,570		38,928			33,894 (2,761)	
Indirect Agency Award Number	229330/8201 10-303-P1101410			Various C336131		N/A Various		02-WV03 92-WV02			2010-WVH1N1-6 N/A N/A s G110036	
Indirect Agency	WV Division of Energy WV Division of Energy		al	WV Department of Education WV Department of Education	Special Education (IDEA) Cluster Subtotal	WV Department of Education WV Higher Education Policy Commission		National Writing Project National Writing Project (92-WV02)			WV Higher Education Policy Commission Prestera Center for Mental Health Services West Virginia Primary Care Association WV Department of Health and Human Resources	
CFDA/ Contract Number	81.041	84.042 84.044 84.047A 84.066	TRIO Cluster Subtotal	84.116 84.027 84.027A	Special Education (I	84.367 84.367	84.367 Subtotal	84.928A 84.928A	84.928A Subtotal		93.069 93.104 93.130 93.130	93.130 Subtotal
Source		0000		ПΙ								
Federal Agency	OTHER PROGRAMS (Continued): Department of Energy Department of Energy Total Department of Energy	Office of Postsecondary Education Office of Postsecondary Education Office of Postsecondary Education Office of Postsecondary Education		Office of Postsecondary Education Office of Special Education and Rehabilitation Office of Special Education and Rehabilitation		Office of Elementary and Secondary Education Office of Elementary and Secondary Education		Department of Education Department of Education		Total Department of Education	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Health Resources and Services Administration Health Resources and Services Administration	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

- The purpose of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") is to present a
 summary of the expenditures of Marshall University Research Corporation (the "Corporation") for
 the year ended June 30, 2012, which have been financed by the federal government. For purposes of
 the Schedule, federal awards have been classified into two types: direct federal funds (D) and
 indirect federal funds (I) received from nonfederal organizations made under federally sponsored
 programs conducted by those organizations.
- 2. The Schedule is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.
- 3. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) numbers are presented for those programs for which such numbers are available. When CFDA numbers are not available, contract numbers are presented. If a contract number is not available, it is presented as .XXX. Indirect agency award numbers are presented for those programs for which such numbers are available. If an indirect agency award number is not available, it is presented as N/A. See Note 7 for indirect agency award numbers noted as "Various."
- 4. U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-21 ("A-21"), Cost Principles for Educational Institutions, requires submission of a Certificate of Facilities and Administrative (F&A) Costs (the "Certificate") to an institution's cognizant agency. The Certificate is prepared by the Corporation and is used in negotiations with its cognizant agency, the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), in determining a rate at which the Corporation will be reimbursed for the F&A costs associated with the completion of sponsored research.

The Corporation receives reimbursement of F&A costs as part of the granting agreement either at the rate negotiated with DHHS or at special rates negotiated with the granting agency.

On January 6, 2003, DHHS approved F&A cost recovery rates effective from July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2004. On May 11, 2004, DHHS approved an extension of the recovery rate through June 30, 2008. Negotiation of a new F&A rate was completed in September 2008, resulting in a negotiated rate of 41% beginning July 1, 2008, which increased to 42% effective July 1, 2010.

The F&A cost rate structure is as follows:

	Rate as Submitted			
Rate Type	Within Certificate	Negotiated Rate		
Organized research — off-campus	26 %	26 %		
Instruction — on-campus	42	42		
Organized research — on-campus	42	42		

Subrecipient expenditures in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards at June 30, 2012, include:

Federal Agency	Subrecipient	CFDA	Subrecipient Expenditures
Research and development:			
Department of Defense	Univ of Tennessee	12.110	\$ 253,118
Department of Defense	Polytechnic Institute of New York University	12.431	34,524
Department of Defense	Wright State University	12.431	50,000
Department of Justice	Research Foundation of the City of New York	16.560	73,163
Department of Transportation	WVU Research Corp	20.200	15,340
Department of Energy	Michigan Technologic University	81.049	364,938
Department of Health and Human Services	Bluefield State College Research and Development	93.389	219,299
Department of Health and Human Services	CAMC Health Education and Research	93.389	55,381
Department of Health and Human Services	University of Kentucky Research Foundation	93.389	85,958
Department of Health and Human Services	West Liberty State College	93.389	202,611
Department of Health and Human Services	WV State Univ Research & Development Corp	93.389	307,021
Department of Health and Human Services	WVU Research Corp	93.389	1,294,179
Department of Health and Human Services	West Liberty State College	93.701ARRA	26,092
Department of Health and Human Services	WV State Univ Research & Development Corp	93.701ARRA	24,760
Department of Health and Human Services	WV Wesleyan College	93.701ARRA	17,481
Department of Health and Human Services	WVU Research Corp	93.701ARRA	154,662
	Subtotal Research and Development		3,178,527
ther Programs:			
Department of Defense	North Dakota State University	12.110	34,725
Department of Defense	Texas A & M Research Foundation	12.110	33,771
Department of Defense	University of Toledo	12.110	39,922
Department of Transportation	Burgess and Niple Inc	20.205	745
Department of Transportation	Purdue University	20.205	240,643
Department of Transportation	WVU Research Corporation	20.205	41,985
Department of Transportation	Center for Applied Research	20.701	77,439
Department of Transportation	Univ of Kentucky Research Foundation	20.701	93,624
Department of Transportation	WV University	20.701	47,309
Department of Transportation	Alpha Technologies, Inc	20.xxx	88,390
Appalachian Regional Commission	WVU Research Corporation	23.002	30,416
Appalachian Regional Commission	Lawrence County Health Department	23.011	16,000
Appalachian Regional Commission	Meigs County Board of Education	23.011	16,000
Appalachian Regional Commission	Washington University	23.011	14,300
National Science Foundation	WV State Univ Research & Development Corp	47.076	52,411
Department of Education	Morehead State University	84.116	19,067
Department of Education	Univ of Charleston	84.116	21,430
	Subtotal Other Programs		868,177
	Total all Subrecipient		\$4,046,704

- 5. All American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) monies have been marked as "ARRA" on the Schedule.
- 6. The accompanying schedule reflects certain adjustments resulting from final adjustments to closed grants and transfers between grants. As a result, certain grants show negative expenditures.

6. The following table details all Indirect Agency Award numbers denoted as "Various" in the Schedule:

CFDA/Contract Number	Indirect Agency	Indirect Agency Award Number	Federal Expenditures	
43.001	West Virginia University	07-476-MURC	\$ 21,458	
43.001	West Virginia University	91-175A-MURC	(337)	
43.001	West Virginia University	91-175B-MURC	42,121	
43.001	West Virginia University	91-175B-MURC	52,472	
43.001	West Virginia University	07-476-MURC	4,095	
	Subtotal		119,809	
16.000	WV Division of Criminal Justic Services	08P-DF-03;09-11-011:INI-#11:05	12,635	
16.000	WV Division of Criminal Justic Services	66179	66,179	
	Subtotal		78,814	
84.027	WV Department of Education	C301209	(43)	
84.027	WV Department of Education	C321494	976	
84.027	WV Department of Education	C321495	20,723	
84.027	WV Department of Education	C344099	7,254	
84.027	WV Department of Education	C344100 & C344099	180,496	
84.027	WV Department of Education	C364164	144,857	
	Subtotal		354,263	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-10-MU-03	20,688	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-10-MUGC-01	27,972	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-10-MUGC-02	3,174	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-10-MUGC-04	1,341	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-11-MUGC-01	38,512	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-11-MUGC-02	38,886	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-11-MUGC-03	46,102	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-11-MUGC-04	20,886	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-11-MUGC-05	23,621	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-12-MU-01	10,897	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-12-MU-02	17,224	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-12-MU-03	25,979	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-12-MU-04	24,740	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-12-MUGC-01	26,788	
84.367	WV Higher Education Policy Commission	ITQ-12-MUGC-02	30,760	
	Subtotal		357,570	
93.283	WV Department of Health and Human Resources		\$ (420)	
93.283	WV Department of Health and Human Resources		61,888	
93.283	WV Department of Health and Human Resources	G120782	21,430	
	Subtotal		82,898	

Continued

CFDA/Contract Number	Indirect Agency	Indirect Agency Award Number	Federal Expenditures
93.658	WV Department of Health and Human Resources	G110136	36,580
93.658	WV Department of Health and Human Resources	G120445	79,726
	Subtotal		116,306
93.958	WV Department of Health and Human Resources	G090284	(877)
93.958	WV Department of Health and Human Resources	G120101	242,807
	Subtotal		241,930
	TOTAL		\$1,351,590

55 + Years of Excellence

HAYFLICH & STEINBERG

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—— Cortified Public Accountants ———

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Marshall University Research Corporation:

We have audited the combined financial statements of the Marshall University Research Corporation (the "Corporation") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the combined financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's combined financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Directors and management of the Corporation and Marshall University, federal and state awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Huntington, West Virginia

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October 9, 2012

HAYFLICH & STEINBERG



— Certified Public Accountants —

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON THE MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Directors of Marshall University Research Corporation:

Compliance

We have audited Marshall University Research Corporation's (the "Corporation") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Corporation's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The Corporation's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Corporation's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Corporation's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Corporation's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Corporation complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Corporation's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the Corporation and Marshall University, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Huntington, West Virginia

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October 9, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

PART I. — SUMMARY OF AUDIT	ORS' RESULTS	육		
Financial Statements				
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqualified			
Internal control over financial reporting	ng:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	_No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified material weakness(es)?	Yes	X	_N/A	
Noncompliance material to financial s	statements noted?	Yes	X	_No
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	_No
Significant deficiency(ies)identified n material weakness(es)?	Yes	X	_N/A	
Type of auditors' report issued on con programs:	npliance for major	Unqualified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are raccordance with OMB Circular A-133		Yes	X	_No
Identification of Major Programs:				
CFDA Number	Name of Federal F	Program or Cluster		
Various 93.411 93.887 93.888	Research and Development Cluste Health Resources and Services Ad Health Resources and Services Ad Health Resources and Services Ad			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	between Type A and Type B Progr	rams	\$	773,069
Auditee qualified as low-risk audite	ee?	X Yes		No

PART II. — FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS SECTION

No matters are reportable

PART III. — FEDERAL AWARD FINDING AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION

No matters are reportable.