

Annual Report 2009



Crime Victims Compensation Fund

Court of Claims

Cheryle M. Hall, Clerk

2009

Annual Report

of the

West Virginia Court of Claims

for the

Crime Victims Compensation Fund

*Presiding Judge*

The Honorable George F. Fordham

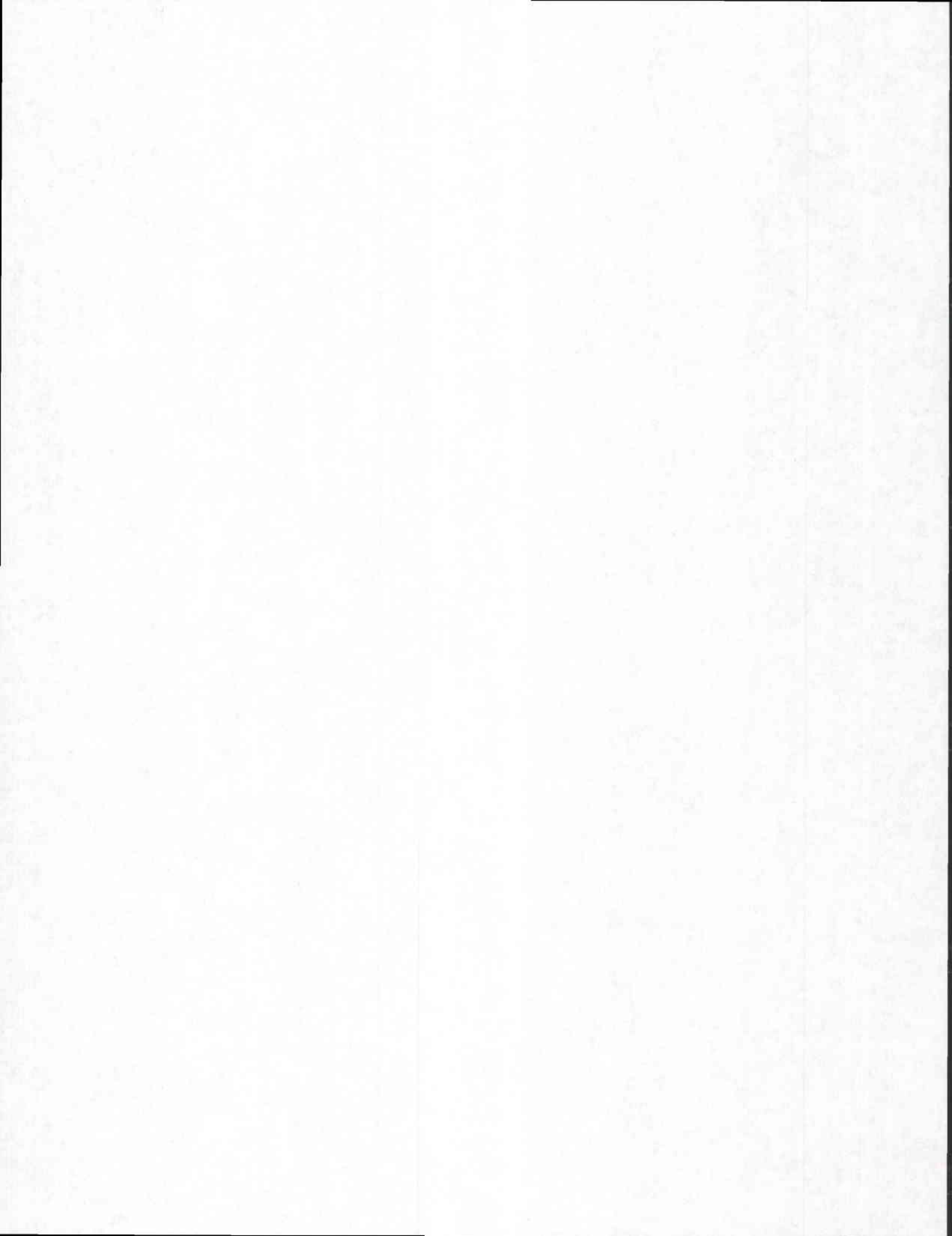
*Judges*

The Honorable Robert B. Sayre

The Honorable John G. Hackney Jr.

Cheryle M. Hall, Clerk

Becky A. Ofiesh, Chief Deputy Clerk





*West Virginia Court of Claims*  
**Crime Victims Compensation Fund**

*Presiding Judge*  
George F. Fordham  
*Judges*  
Robert B. Sayre  
John G. Hackney Jr.

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Cheryle M. Hall  
Clerk  
Becky A. Ofiesh  
Chief Deputy Clerk

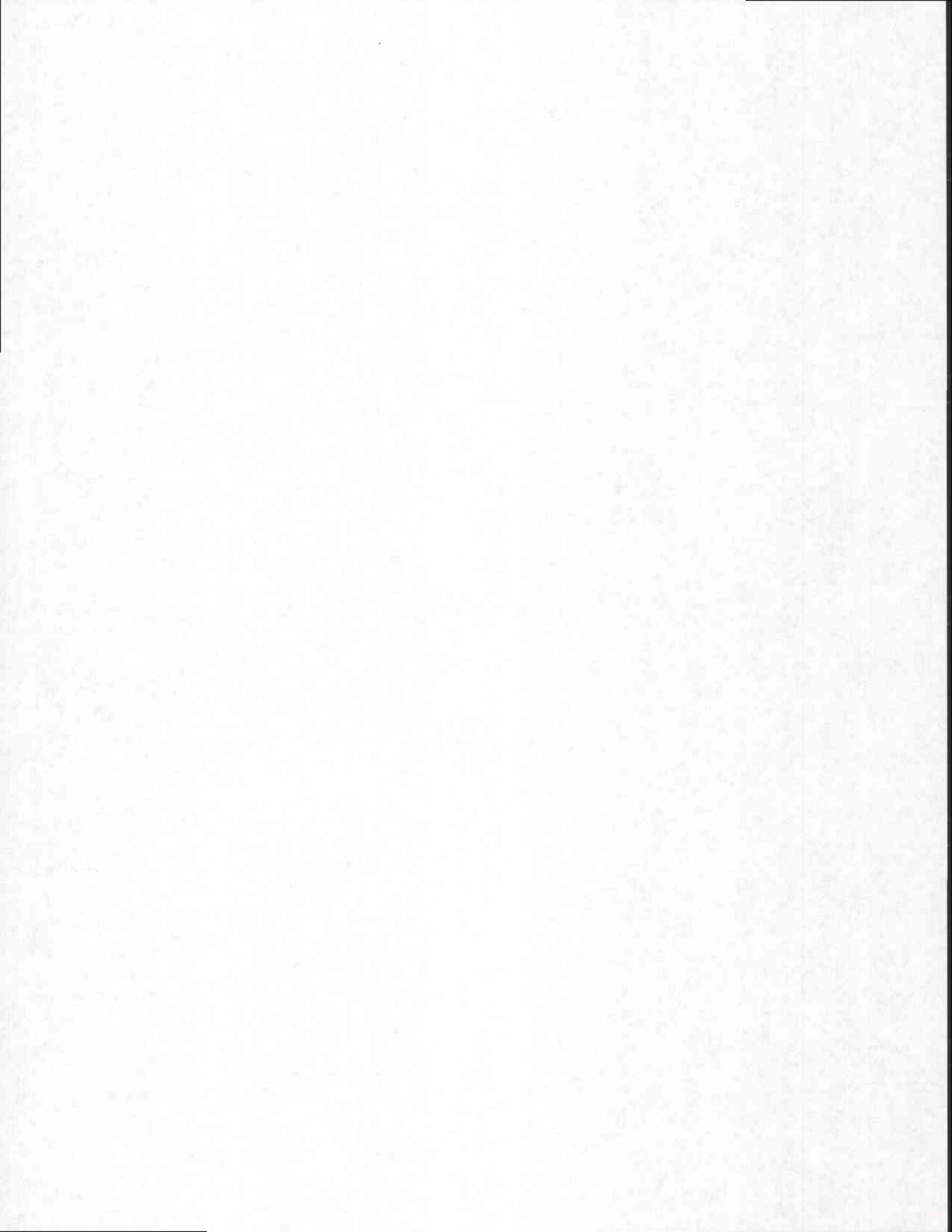
Honorable Members of the  
West Virginia State Legislature

It is my honor and privilege to present to you, in accordance with West Virginia Code §14-2A-21, the Annual Report of the West Virginia Crime Victims Compensation Fund. This report covers the activities for the Federal fiscal year 2008.

Respectfully,

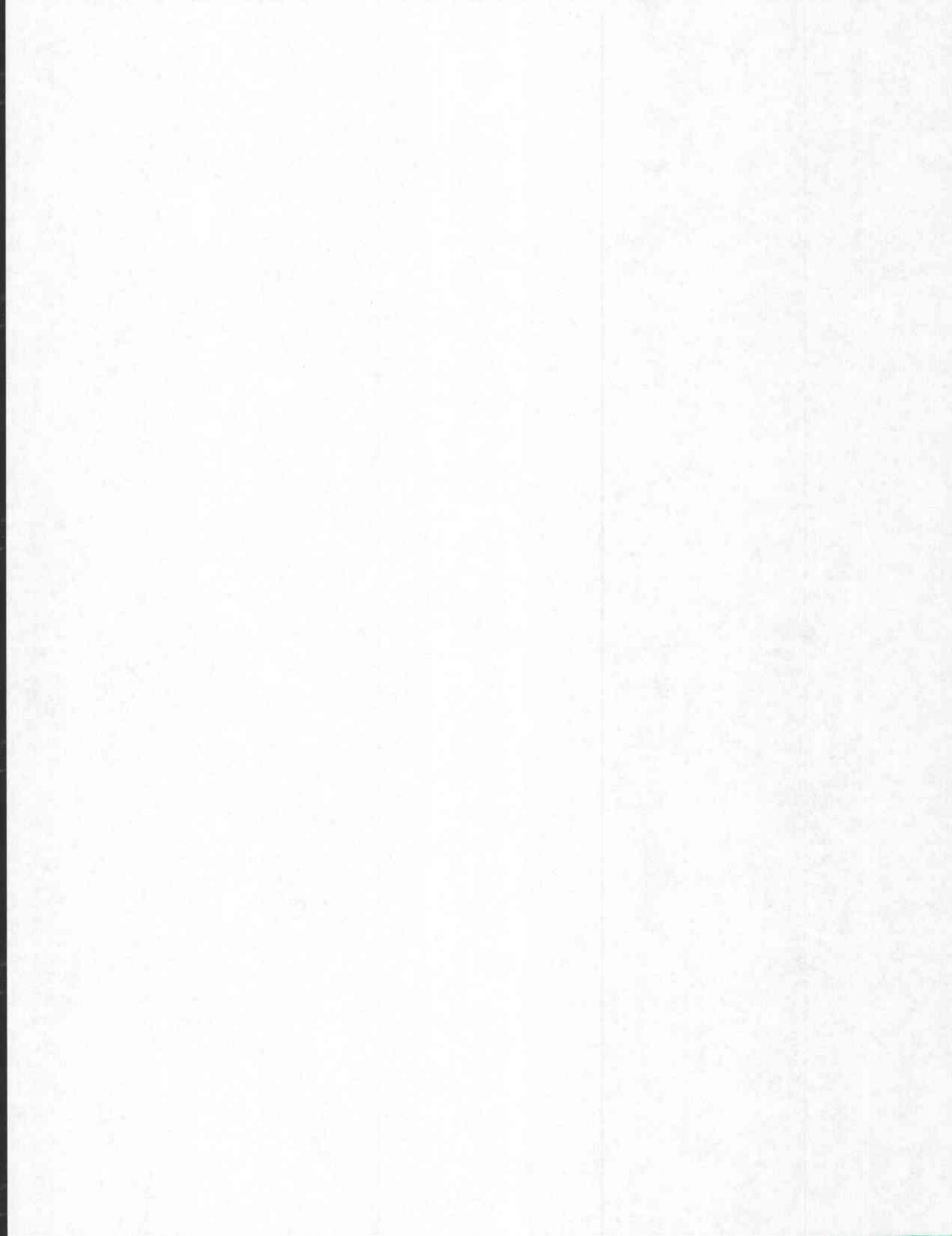
A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Cheryle M. Hall".

Cheryle M. Hall,  
Clerk



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## Summary of Program



Created in 1981, and effective January 1, 1982, the compensation program is administered by the West Virginia Court of Claims, with the court's judges making the final determinations on claims.

### FUNDING

The program receives \$50 per felony, \$10 per misdemeanor, \$8 for each municipal infraction except parking tickets, \$10 on other offenses, and 20% of assessed fines in drunk driving cases. The program also receives an annual VOCA grant that equals 60% of the State's awards.

### ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

- Reporting period: 72 hours
- Filing period: 2 years.
- Exceptions: Requirements may be waived for good cause; time periods begin when child victims attain age of majority.

### PROCEDURES

Applications are submitted to the Court of Claims. An investigator performs all work on the claim and writes a report that includes findings of fact and a recommendation. The report is sent to the applicant, who has 30 days to respond. This initial response is handled informally by the investigator, who reviews and comments on the response. One judge will review the file and issue an order to award or deny.

**Appeals:** The applicant has 21 days to request a hearing, which is held before a judge other than the initially deciding judge. The hearing judge's order is final.

### BENEFITS

#### Maximum award:

- \$25,000 in personal injury cases
- \$100,000 in permanent disability cases (in addition to the \$25,000)
- \$50,000 in death cases

#### Compensable expenses:

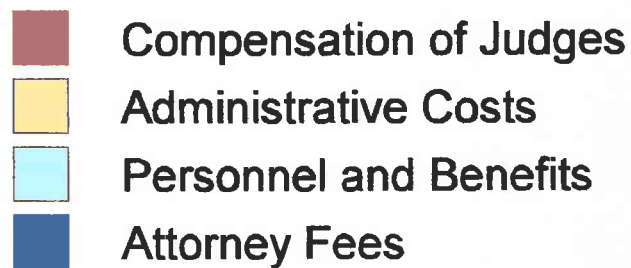
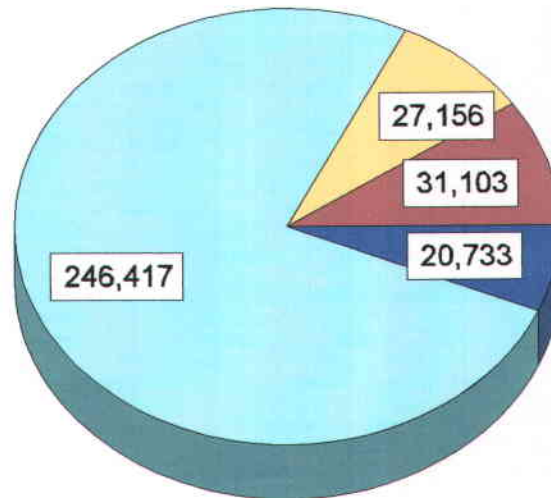
- Medical expenses
- Mental health counseling
- Mental health counseling for secondary victims up to \$1,000
- Lost earnings/support
- Funeral/burial up to \$7,000
- Relocation up to \$1,000
- Travel to medical treatment facility
- Travel to criminal proceeding
- Travel to return minor from out-of-state/out-of-country
- Replacement services
- Crime-scene cleanup up to \$1,000
- Meth lab cleanup (landlords)
- Rehabilitation
- Attorney fees (public defender rates)

## Administrative Costs

October 1 - September 30

FFY 2008

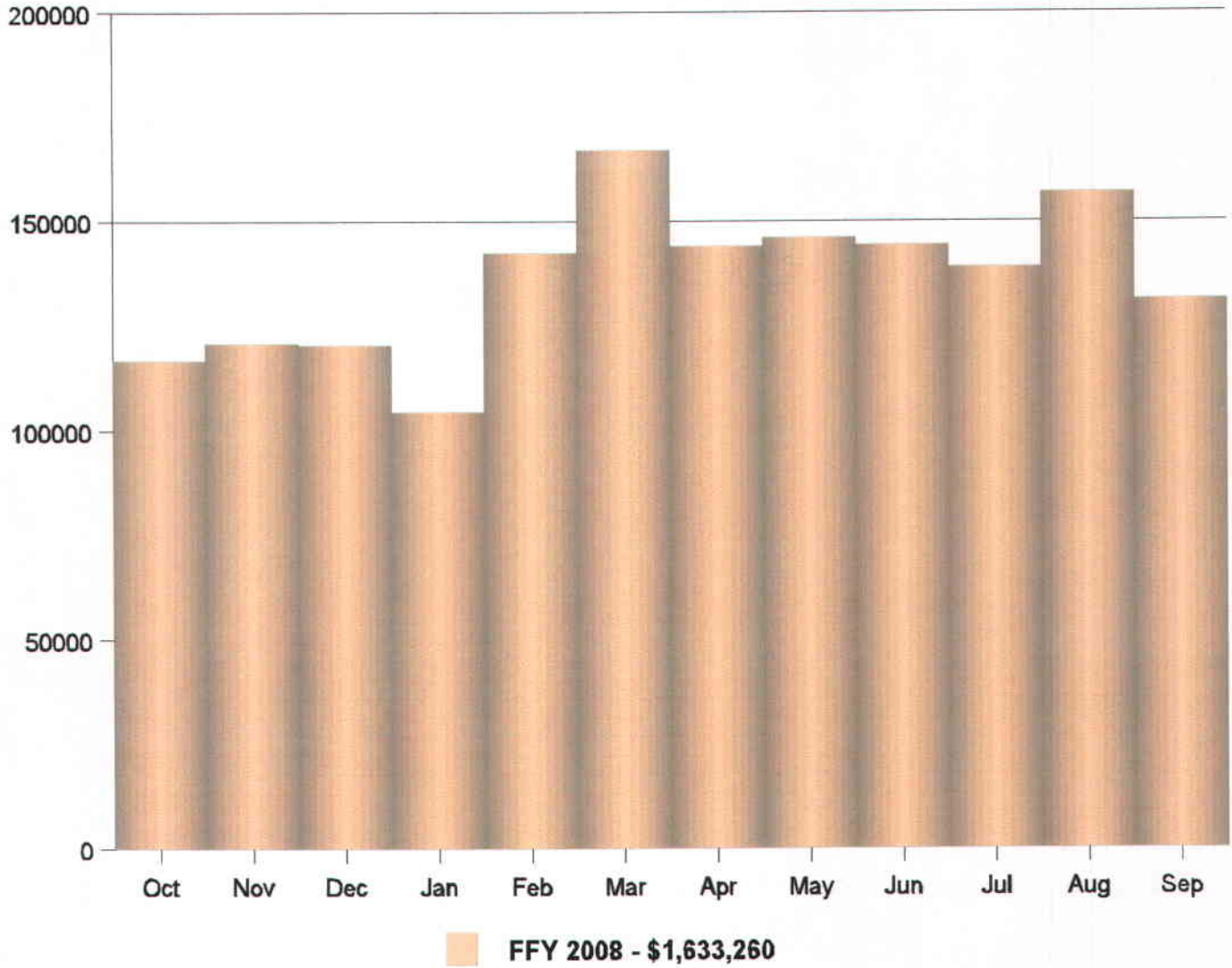
### Administrative Funds \$325,509



# Crime Victims Compensation Fund

October 1 - September 30

## State Funds Collected by Month

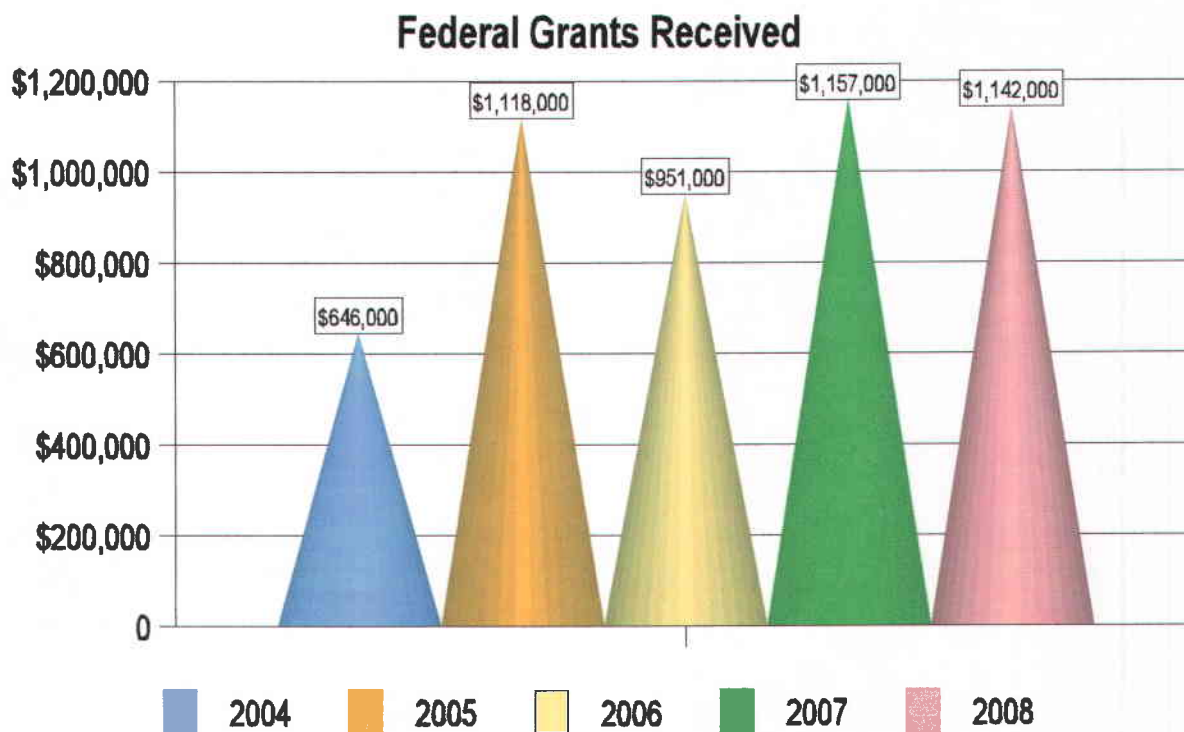


## Federal Grants

Under the Federal Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) of 1984, federal monies became available to state compensation programs and victim assistance programs.

The U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, allocates these funds to state compensation programs based on a formula of 60% of the previous fiscal year's awarded claims.

Beginning with the 1995 grant, programs are permitted to use up to 5% for administrative expenses, which includes purchasing equipment, hiring personnel, and travel expenses. However, the administrative expenses may not supplant state funds.



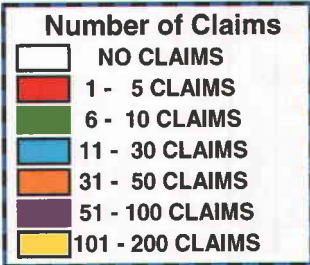
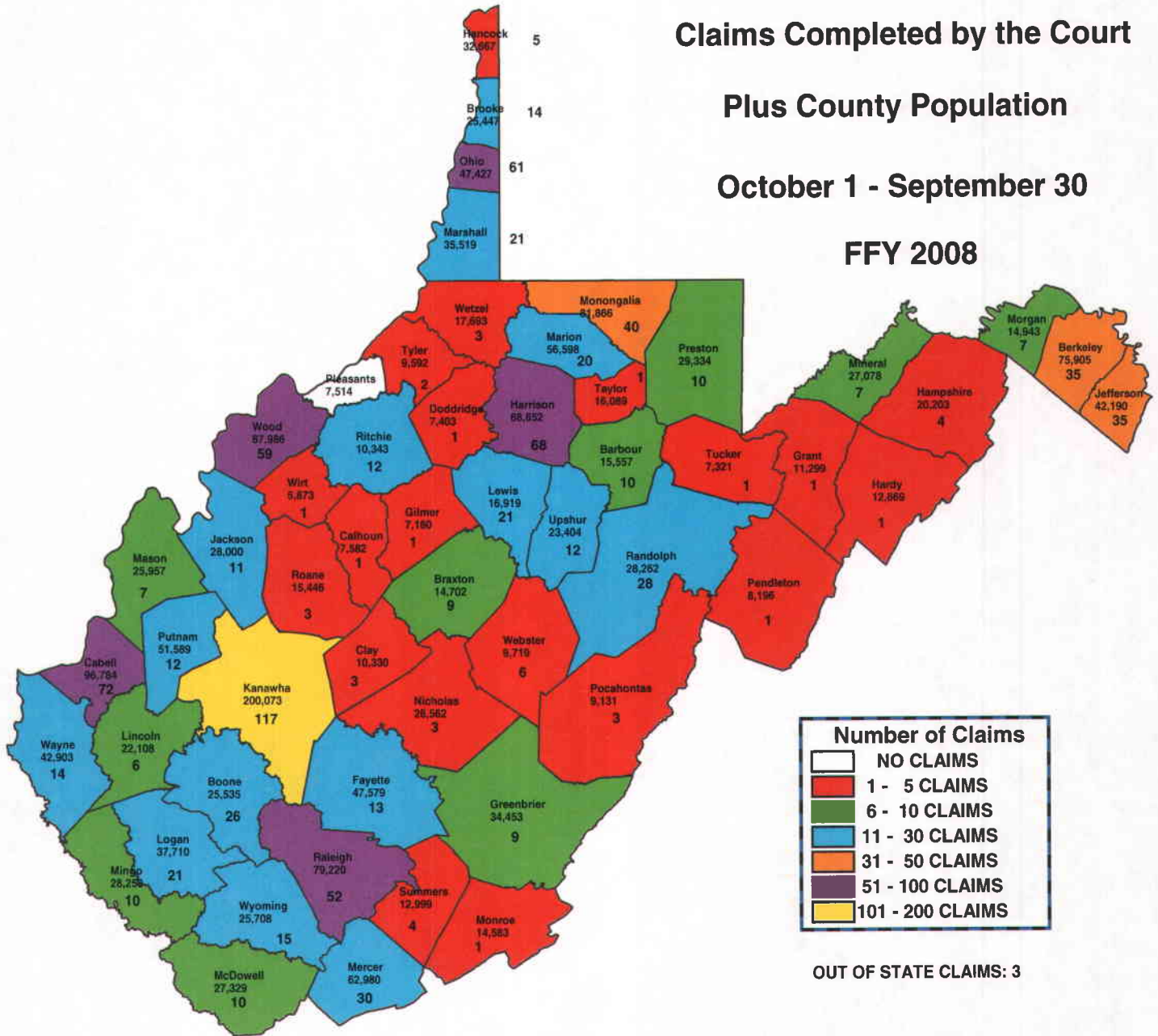
West Virginia has received a total of \$11,577,000 in federal funds for its compensation program since 1986 (the first grant year).

# Claims Completed by the Court

## Plus County Population

October 1 - September 30

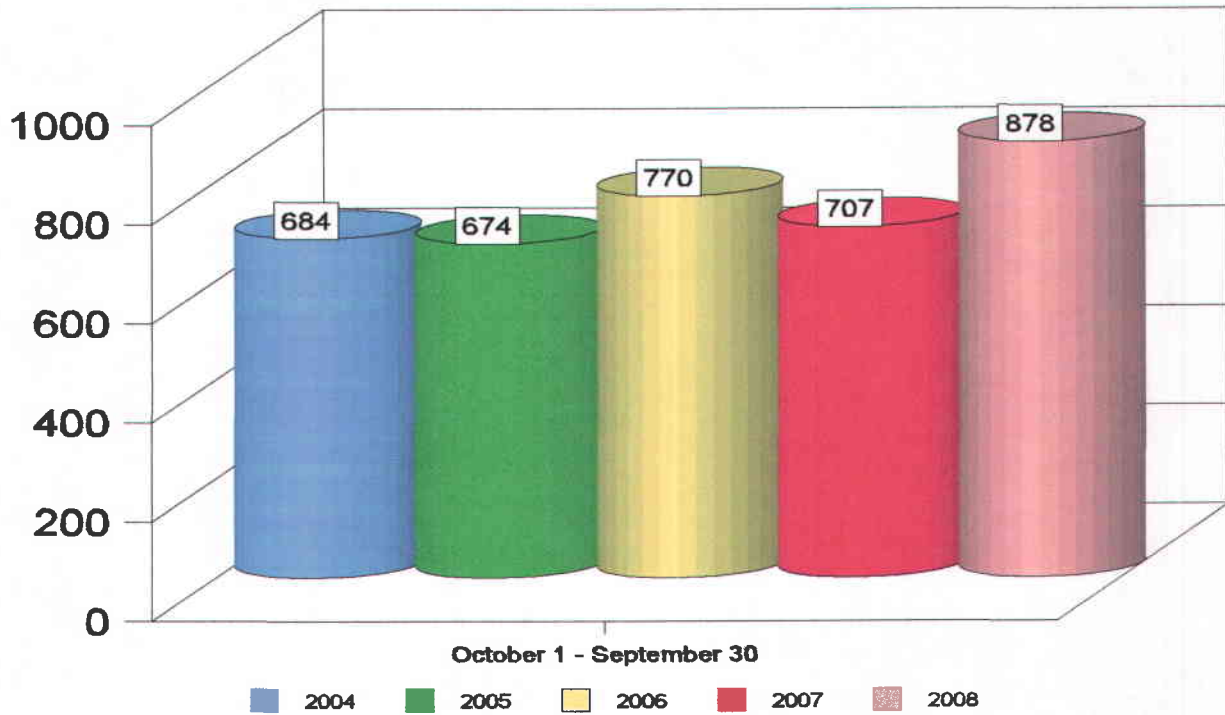
FFY 2008



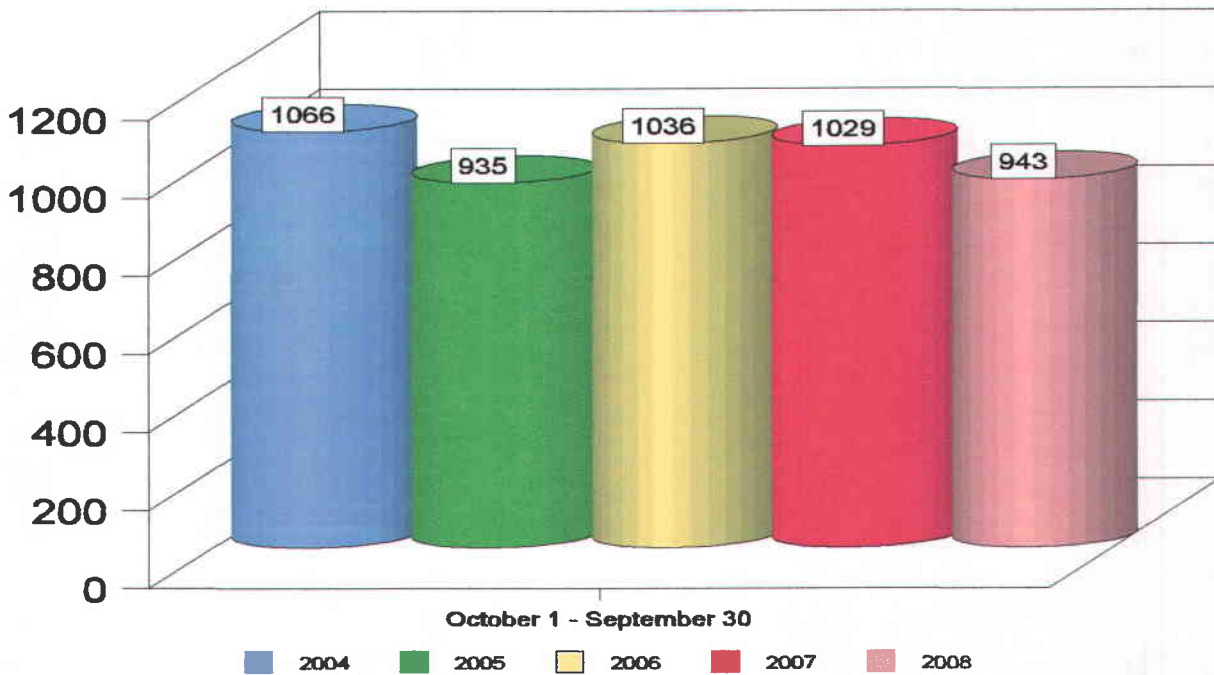
OUT OF STATE CLAIMS: 3

# Crime Victims Compensation Fund

## Claims Filed Per Year



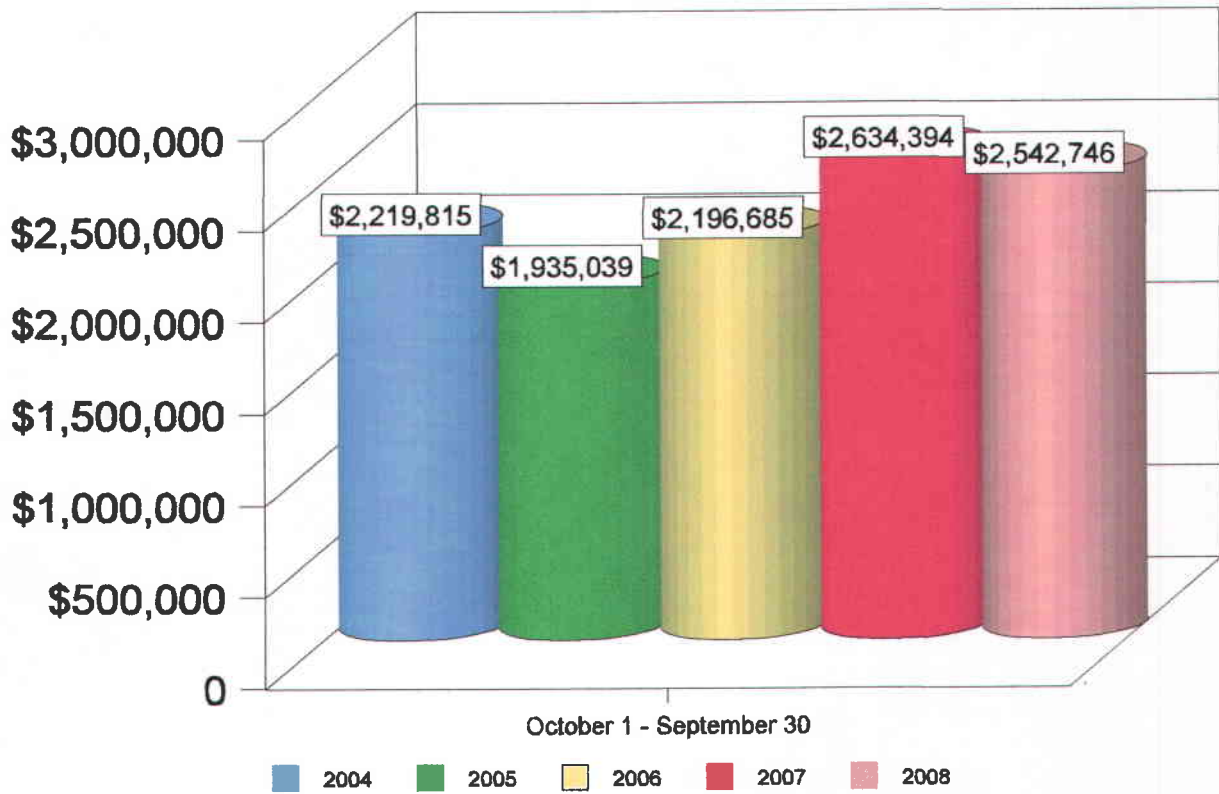
## Orders Issued by the Court Per Year \*



\* Includes supplemental awards.

# Crime Victims Compensation Fund

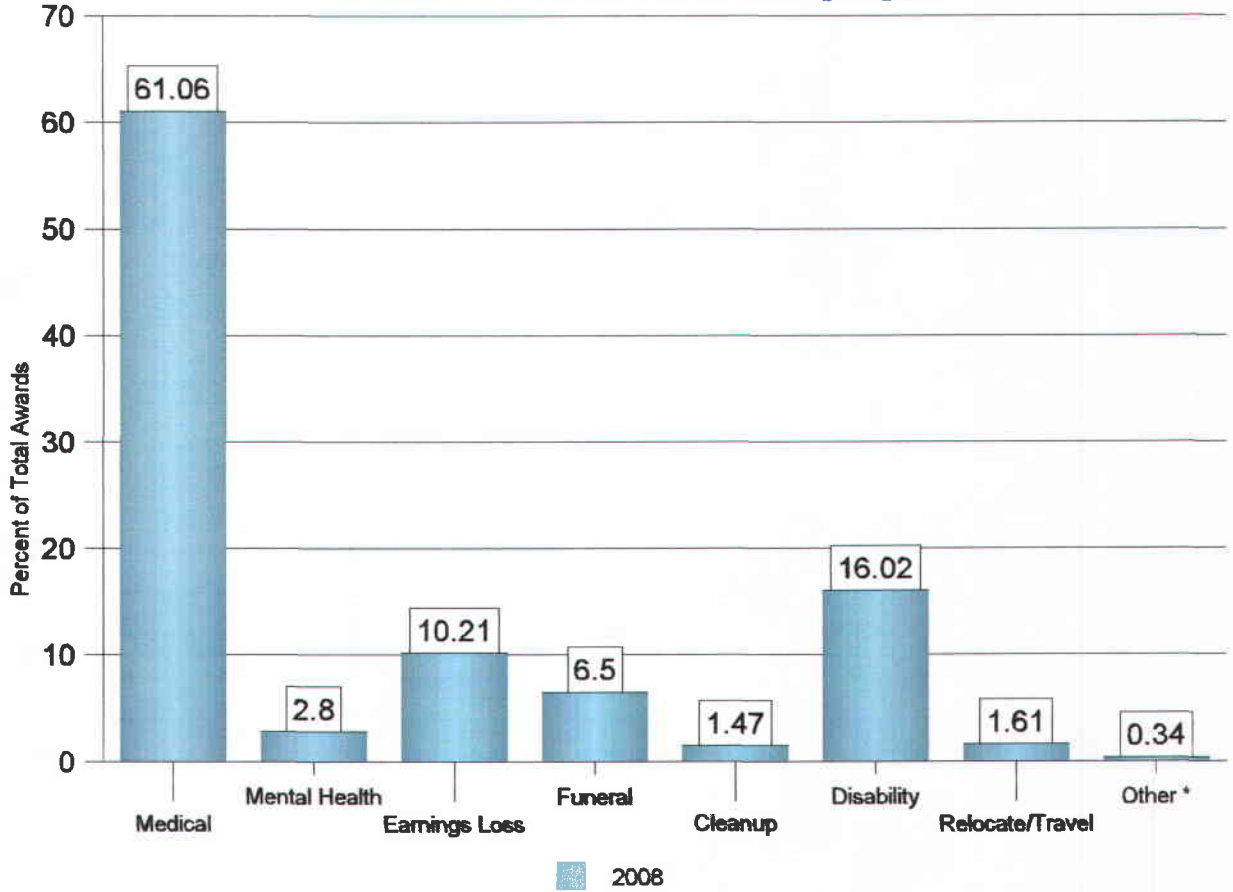
## Awards



# Crime Victims Compensation Fund

October 1 - September 30

## Percent of Total Awards by Type



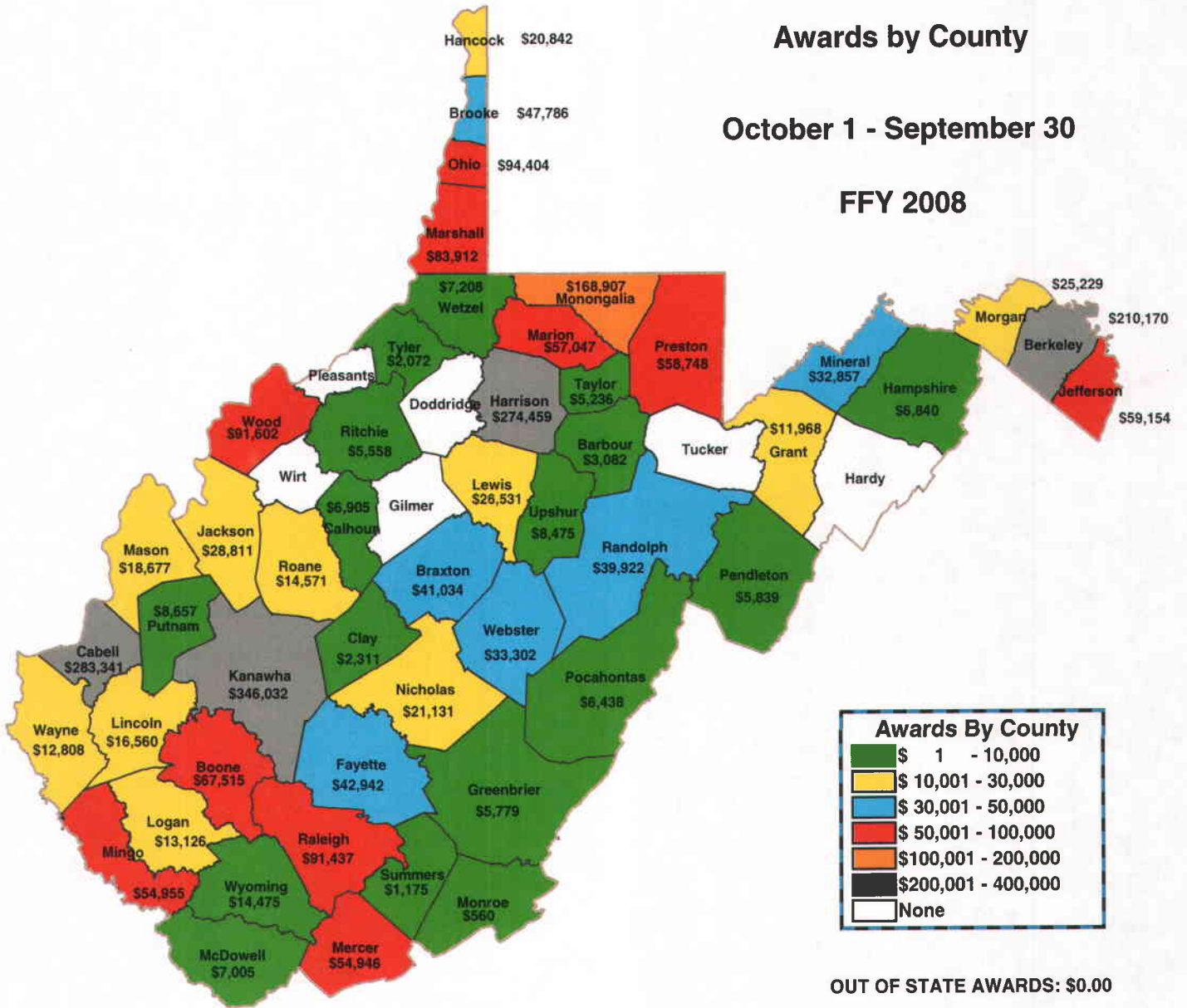
\*

Includes: dog bite - arson - hunting accident - road rage

## Awards by County

October 1 - September 30

FFY 2008



*Crime Victim Compensation Fund*  
**Claims Filed by County**

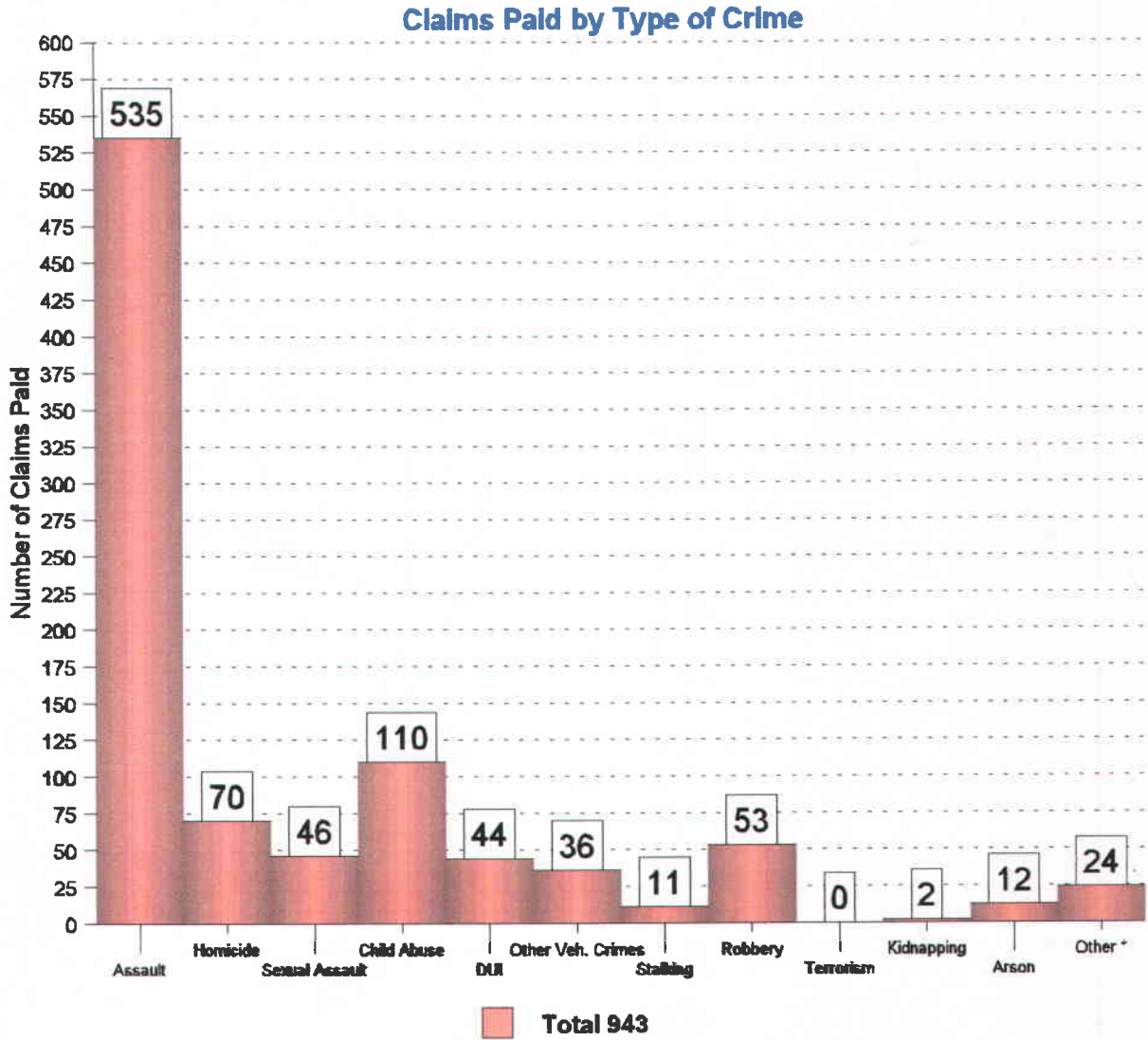
Period: October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2008

COUNTY	CLAIMS FILED	
	2007	2008
Barbour	6	7
Berkeley	21	26
Boone	11	13
Braxton	7	7
Brooke	8	9
Cabell	45	80
Calhoun	1	1
Clay	4	1
Doddridge	2	1
Fayette	11	8
Gilmer	1	1
Grant	2	1
Greenbrier	12	12
Hampshire	3	1
Hancock	11	10
Hardy	0	0
Harrison	55	60
Jackson	10	13
Jefferson	23	29
Kanawha	127	125
Lewis	17	20
Lincoln	2	11
Logan	32	18
Marion	15	18
Marshall	9	16
Mason	8	18
McDowell	6	8
Mercer	25	30

COUNTY	CLAIMS FILED	
	2007	2008
Mineral	5	3
Mingo	16	17
Monongalia	35	46
Monroe	0	2
Morgan	4	5
Nicholas	4	8
Ohio	19	49
Pendleton	0	2
Pleasants	1	0
Pocahontas	3	2
Preston	5	8
Putnam	16	14
Raleigh	31	34
Randolph	12	26
Ritchie	3	13
Roane	1	6
Summers	3	5
Taylor	3	2
Tucker	1	2
Tyler	0	4
Upshur	5	6
Wayne	5	26
Webster	2	0
Wetzel	3	4
Wirt	2	0
Wood	40	38
Wyoming	13	9
Occurred Out of	1	3
<b>Total Filed</b>	<b>707</b>	<b>878</b>

# Crime Victims Compensation Fund

October 1 - September 30

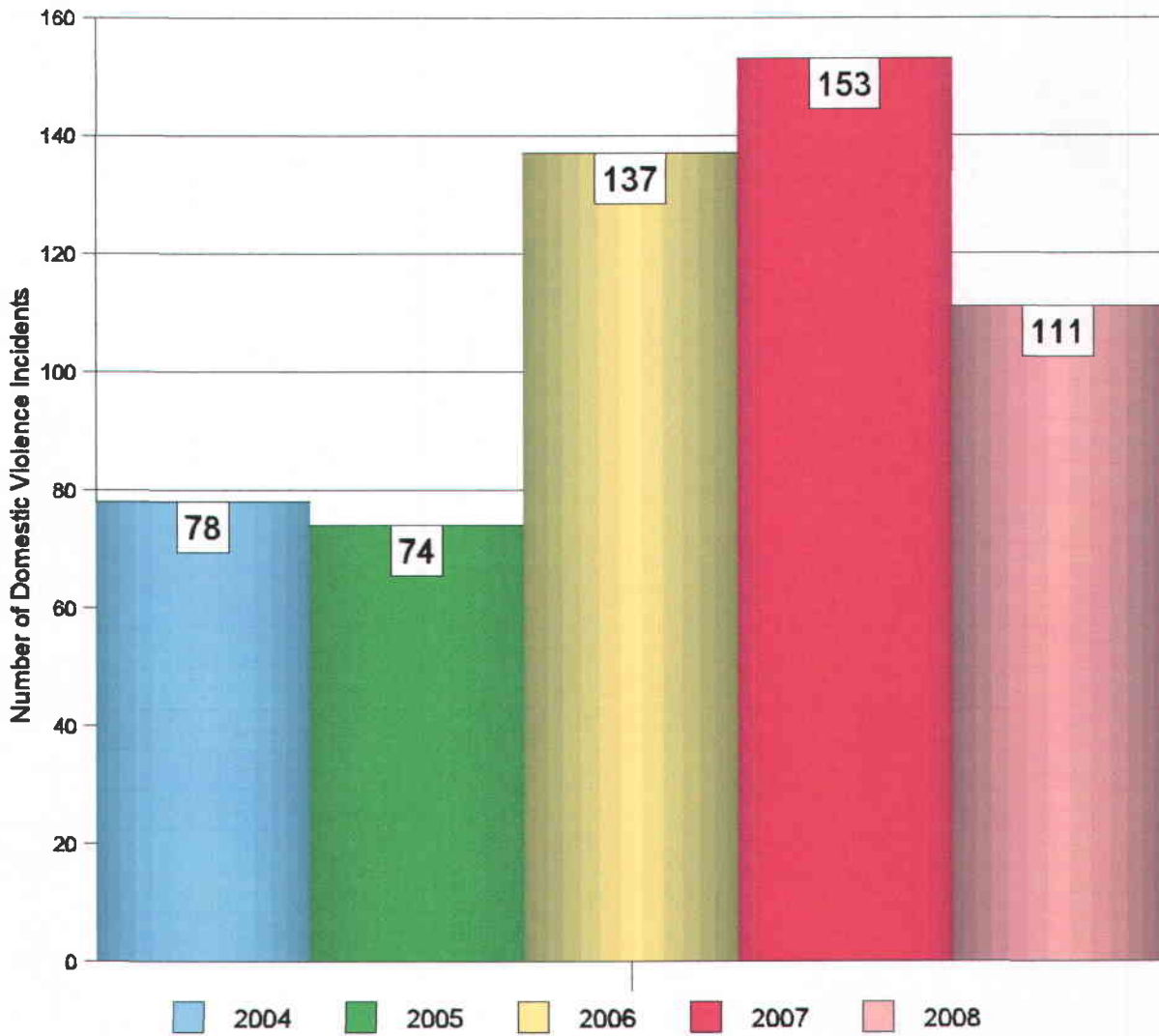


\* Includes: dog bite - arson - hunting accident - road rage

# Crime Victims Compensation Fund

October 1 - September 30

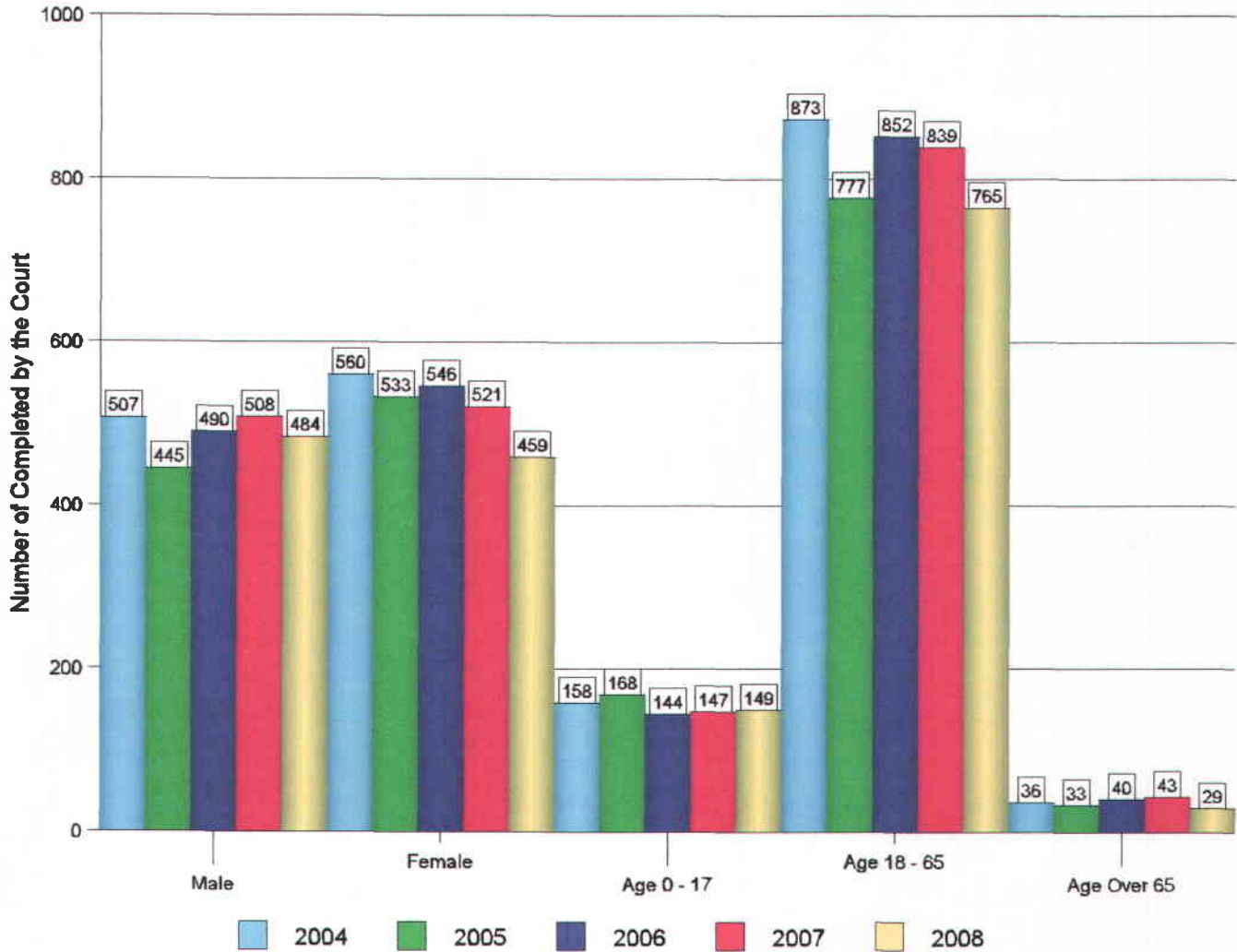
## Claims Involving Domestic Violence



# Crime Victims Compensation Fund

October 1 - September 30

## Claims Completed - Gender and Age



## Crime Victims Compensation Fund

### Denied Claims

October 1 - September 30

<u>Reason for Denial</u>	<u>Number</u>
Claim for loss of property .....	19
Claim not filed within two years .....	8
Claim withdrawn .....	0
Crime not reported timely to law enforcement .....	8
Crime occurred outside West Virginia .....	3
Crime occurred within penal institution .....	0
Crime not compensable .....	17
Dismissed .....	0
Duplicate claim .....	0
Further awards denied .....	1
Held in abeyance .....	3
Incomplete information supplied .....	3
Maximum award reached .....	0
No economic loss* .....	115
Undetermined conduct .....	22
Unjust benefit to offender .....	2
Victim failed to cooperate with police or claim investigator .....	49
Victim guilty of contributory misconduct .....	<u>46</u>
TOTAL:	<b>292</b>

\* The claim was denied because no economic loss was established at the time. However, if at a later date the victim suffers an economic loss, the Court may make an award.

West Virginia  
Crime Victims Compensation Fund

**Summary of Benefits**

	<b>Awards Directly to Provider</b>	<b>Death Award - Limit \$50,000</b>	<b>Forensic Medical Exam. Paid by PAI*</b>	<b>Injury Award - Limit \$25,000</b>	<b>Victims of Terrorist Acts Outside USA</b>
Effective Date	06/12/1987	07/01/2008	06/07/1996	03/27/1997	03/27/1997

	<b>Awards Directly to Funeral Home</b>	<b>College Scholarship Allowable Exp.</b>	<b>Funeral/Burial Expense - Limit \$7,000</b>	<b>Crime Scene Cleanup - Limit \$1,000</b>	<b>Victim Relocation Expense - Limit \$1,000</b>
Effective Date	07/01/1998	03/02/1999	07/01/2008	07/01/2001	07/01/2001

	<b>Mileage to Court for Hearings</b>	<b>Secondary Victims - Limit \$1,000 (counseling)</b>	<b>Disability - Additional \$100,000</b>	<b>Crime Scene Cleanup - Meth. Labs - Limit \$5,000</b>	<b>Travel Exp. to Oth. State to Get Minor - Limit \$2,000</b>
Effective Date	07/01/2001	07/01/2001	07/01/2001	06/09/2006	06/09/2006

	<b>Travel Exp. to Oth. Country to Get Minor - Limit \$3,000</b>	<b>Work Loss for Parent of Minor</b>	<b>Hit &amp; Run Included in Criminal Conduct</b>	<b>Victim's Health Care Mileage- Current: 0.445/mi.</b>	
Effective Date	06/09/2006	06/09/2006	06/09/2006	07/26/2006	

	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Fee Amounts:</b>            - Municipal Courts = \$8.00            - Other Courts = \$10.00 plus 20% of DUI fines, plus \$50.00 each felony conviction</p>
Effective Date	06/07/1996

\* W.Va. Prosecuting Attorneys Institute

## CLAIMS HEARD ON APPEAL

OCTOBER 1, 2007 - SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

**(CV-05-023)**

On November 3, 2004, the claimant's twenty-four-year-old grandson was the victim of criminally injurious conduct in Princeton, Mercer County. The victim was fatally shot by two assailants at his friend's residence. The Court's initial denial of an award was based on the Claim Investigator's finding that the victim was not an innocent victim of crime. The Court found that there was no evidence presented at the hearing that the victim was not guilty of contributory misconduct.

Claim disallowed.

**(CV-07-0158)**

On March 18, 2006, the fifty-four-year-old claimant was the victim of criminally injurious conduct at his residence in Bancroft, Putnam County. On the evening in question, the claimant was involved in an altercation with his neighbor and his neighbor's guest. The offenders knocked the claimant to the ground and beat him. The Court's initial denial of an award was based on the Claim Investigator's finding that the claimant was not an innocent victim of crime. The Court, after examining the events that occurred prior to the altercation, found that the altercation could have been avoided if the claimant would have retreated or called the police.

Claim disallowed.

**(CV-06-0359)**

On September 17, 2004, the thirty-year-old claimant was the victim of criminally injurious conduct in St. Albans, Kanawha County. The claimant testified that when he came home from work, he noticed that there were approximately six to eight piles of dog excrement on his porch. The claimant suspected that his neighbor had thrown the dog excrement over the porch with a shovel. The claimant walked over to his neighbor's house to find out why he had thrown dog excrement on his porch. His neighbor slung the door open and struck the claimant with a two-by-four board. The Court's initial denial of an award was based on the Claim Investigator's finding that the claimant was not an innocent victim of crime. The evidence established that the claimant was not aware of the conflict between his neighbor and his roommate. The Court concluded that the claimant's actions did not, in fact, constitute contributory misconduct.

Award of \$8,177.31.

**(CV-07-0179)**

On May 28, 2006, the claimant's one-year-old son was severely attacked by a dog. The claimant had the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the injury resulted from "criminally injurious conduct" under W.Va. Code § 14-2A-3(c). Since the Court concluded that there was no "criminally injurious conduct," an award for the claimant's work loss relating

to the incident was not granted. The claimant testified at the hearing that her son's medical bills have been covered by Medicaid, and no unpaid medical expenses have been submitted.

Claim disallowed.

**(CV-06-462)**

On May 11, 2005, the fifty-one-year-old claimant was severely injured in a motor vehicle accident on Route 340 South in Jefferson County. The Court's initial denial of an award was based on a finding that the driver of the vehicle did not commit any of the motor vehicle violations which are defined as "criminally injurious conduct". The Court determined that the offending driver's conduct, although careless and negligent, did not rise to the level of reckless driving under W.Va. Code § 14-2A-3(c).

Claim disallowed.

**(CV-07-153)**

From September 2006 through January 2007, the claimant's rental property in Jane Lew, Lewis County, was damaged by the operation of a methamphetamine laboratory. Unbeknownst to the claimant, offender was engaged in that illegal activity in the claimant's apartment above her place of business. As a result, the claimant began suffering health problems from exposure to the chemicals, causing her to miss work. The claimant also incurred expenses for cleanup of the property. In its initial award, the Court granted reimbursement for the claimant's medical, prescription, mileage, and work losses totaling \$2,165.00, plus \$1,000.00 for *general* crime scene cleanup, for a total of \$3,165.00. In not approving the Claim Investigator's recommended award of \$5,000.00 for cleanup of a methamphetamine laboratory under W.Va. Code § 14-2A-3(f)(3)(A), the Court found that the claimant did not hire a certified, licensed, and bonded business to perform the work, as required by the Court's guidelines. From the evidence adduced at the hearing, the Court found that a certified and licensed company removed the hazardous materials.

Award of \$4,000.00 for the cleanup of the property.

**(CV-06-589)**

On March 7, 2006, the twenty-eight-year-old claimant was the victim of criminally injurious conduct in Holden, Logan County. The Court's initial denial of an award was based on the Claim Investigator's finding that the claimant failed to cooperate with law enforcement officials. The Court opined that the claimant cooperated with law enforcement officials to the extent possible due to her injury. However, the claimant failed to provide the Court with evidence of her unreimbursed allowable expenses. In the event that the claimant later submits documentation of any unreimbursed allowable expenses relating to the incident, the claim may be reviewed again by the Court.

**(CV-06-656)**

On July 8, 2005, the thirty-two-year-old claimant was the victim of criminally injurious conduct in Talcott, Summers County. The incident occurred while the claimant was delivering narcotic medication for his employer. As the claimant was searching for the residence to make