WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2016 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 293

BY SENATORS WALTERS, BOSO AND SYPOLT

[Originating in the Committee on Finance;

reported on February 16, 2016.]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §11-13J-3, §11-13J-4, §11-13J-4a, §11-13J-10 and §11-13J-12 of 2 the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating generally to Neighborhood 3 Investment Program Act; reauthorizing act until July 1, 2021; defining terms "community 4 based" and "emergency assistance"; modifying definition of "economically disadvantaged 5 area"; reducing frequency of required project transferee reports; reducing number of 6 required advisory board meetings; reducing required number of West Virginia 7 Development Office reports to the board; eliminating guidance on what a community 8 based project is when the board is evaluating a project; removing requirement that Tax 9 Commissioner annually publish addresses of taxpayers who claim the credit; and reducing 10 frequency of program assessments by the director.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §11-13J-3, §11-13J-4, §11-13J-4a, §11-13J-10 and §11-13J-12 of the Code of West
 Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13J. NEIGHBORHOOD INVESTMENT PROGRAM.

§11-13J-3. Definitions.

(a) *General.* — When used in this article, or in the administration of this article, terms
 defined in subsection (b) of this section have the meanings ascribed to them by this section,
 unless a different meaning is clearly required by either the context in which the term is used, or
 by specific definition in this article.

5 (b) Terms defined. —

6 (1) "Affiliate" includes all business entities which are affiliates of each other when either
7 directly or indirectly:

8 (A) One business entity controls or has the power to control the other business entity; or
9 (B) A third party or third parties control or have the power to control both affiliates. In
10 determining whether business entities are independently owned and operated and whether or not

affiliation exists, consideration shall be given to all appropriate factors, including common
ownership, common management and contractual relationships.

(2) "Capacity building" means to generally enhance the capacity of the community to
achieve improvements and to obtain the community services described in subparagraphs (i)
through (v), inclusive, of the definition of that term, as set forth in subdivision (4) of this subsection.
Capacity building includes, but is not limited to, improvement of the means, or capacity, to:

(i) Access, obtain and use private, charitable and governmental assistance programs,
administrative assistance and private, charitable and governmental resources or funds;

(ii) Fulfill legal, bureaucratic and administrative requirements and qualifications for
 accessing assistance, resources or funds; and

(iii) Attract and direct political and community attention to needs of the community for the
purpose of increasing access to and use of assistance, resources or funds for a given purpose,
goal or need.

(3) "Commissioner or Tax Commissioner" are used interchangeably in this article and
 mean the Tax Commissioner of the State of West Virginia, or his or her delegate.

26 (4) "Community services" means services, provided at no charge whatsoever, of:

(i) Providing any type of health, personal finance, psychological or behavioral, religious,
legal, marital, educational or housing counseling and advice to economically disadvantaged
citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens or in an
economically disadvantaged area;

(ii) Providing emergency assistance or medical care to economically disadvantaged
 citizens or to a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens or in an
 economically disadvantaged area;

(iii) Establishing, maintaining or operating recreational facilities, or housing facilities for
 economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically
 disadvantaged citizens or in an economically disadvantaged area;

(iv) Providing economic development assistance to economically disadvantaged citizens
or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens; without regard to
whether they are located in an economically disadvantaged area, or to individuals, groups or
neighborhood or community organizations, in an economically disadvantaged area; or

(v) Providing community technical assistance and capacity building to economically
disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens,
or to individuals, groups or neighborhood or community organizations in an economically
disadvantaged area.

45 (5) "Compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of 46 remuneration paid to employees for personal services.

- 47 "<u>Community-based</u>" means:
- 48 (i) The project is to be managed locally, without national, state, multistate or international
 49 affiliations;

50 <u>(ii) The project will benefit local citizens in the immediate geographic area where the</u> 51 project is to operate; and

52 (iii) The sponsor of the project is a local entity, rather than a statewide, national or 53 international organization or an affiliate of a statewide, national or international organization.

54 (6) "Corporation" means any corporation, joint-stock company or association and any 55 business conducted by a trustee or trustees in which interest or ownership is evidenced by a 56 certificate of interest or ownership or similar written instrument.

57 (7) "Crime prevention" means any activity which aids in the reduction of crime.

(8) "Delegate" in the phrase "or his or her delegate", when used in reference to the Tax
Commissioner, means any officer or employee of the Tax Division of the Department of Revenue
duly authorized by the Tax Commissioner directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of
authority, to perform the functions mentioned or described in this article.

62 (9) "Director or Director of the West Virginia Development Office" means the Director of
 63 the West Virginia Development Office.

64 (10) "Economically disadvantaged <u>area</u>" means

(A) In a municipality. -- Any area not exceeding fifteen square miles in West Virginia which
 contains any portion of an incorporated municipality;

67 (i) In which area the aggregate poverty rate of persons residing in the area, based upon
68 the most recent decennial census of population, is at least one hundred twenty-five percent of the

69 statewide poverty rate; and

70 (ii) That is certified as an economically disadvantaged area by the West Virginia
 71 Development Office;

72 (B) In a rural area. -- Any area not exceeding twenty-five square miles in West Virginia:

(i) Which area is located in a rural area and which contains no incorporated municipalities
 or portions thereof;

(ii) In which area the aggregate poverty rate of persons residing in the area, based upon
the most recent decennial census of population, is at least one hundred twenty-five percent of the
statewide poverty rate; and

(iii) That is certified as an economically disadvantaged area by the West Virginia
Development Office;

(C) An economically disadvantaged area qualifies only pursuant to a certification issued
 by the West Virginia Development Office. The certifications issued by the West Virginia
 Development Office expire after the passage of five calendar years, unless specifically limited to
 a shorter time by specific order of the West Virginia Development Office, and no area shall hold
 the status of a certified economically disadvantaged area for a period of time greater than ten
 years, either consecutively or in the aggregate;

86 (D) The certification of an economically disadvantaged area shall be made on the basis of
 87 a determination by the Development Office that an area meets the poverty criteria established in
 88 paragraphs (A) and (B) of this subdivision;

- 89 (E) No economically disadvantaged area may be certified within twenty-five miles of any
 90 other certified economically disadvantaged area. Not more than six economically disadvantaged
 91 areas may hold the status of certified economically disadvantaged areas at any one time in this
 92 state;
- 93 (F) At least a majority of all economically disadvantaged areas holding designations as
 94 economically disadvantaged areas at any one time shall be located in rural areas; and

95 (G) The certification shall be filed with the Secretary of State and shall specifically set forth 96 the boundaries of the economically disadvantaged area by both description and map, the date of 97 certification of the area as an economically disadvantaged area, the date on which the certification 98 will terminate and a statement of the director's findings as to the aggregate poverty rate of persons 99 living in the certified economically disadvantaged area. any region of the state with a poverty rate 100 greater than the average statewide poverty rate as determined by the U. S. Census Bureau's 101 meet recently published date

101 most recently published data.

(11) "Economically disadvantaged citizen" means a natural person, who during the current
 taxable year has, or during the immediately preceding taxable year had, an annual gross personal
 income not exceeding one hundred twenty-five percent of the federal designated poverty level for
 personal incomes, and who is a domiciliary and resident of this state.

106 (12) "Education" means any type of scholastic instruction to, or scholarship by, an 107 individual that enables that individual to prepare for better life opportunities. Education does not 108 include courses in physical training, physical conditioning, physical education, sports training, 109 sports camps and similar training or conditioning courses, except for physical therapy prescribed 110 by a physician or other person licensed to prescribe courses of medical treatment under this code.

- 111 (13) "Eligible contribution" consists of:
- 112 (A)(i) Cash;

113 (ii) Tangible personal property, valued at its fair market value;

114 (iii) Real property, valued at its fair market value;

(iv) In-kind professional services, valued at seventy-five percent of fair market value; and
(v) Publicly traded common or preferred stock representing ownership in a corporation,
valued at its fair market value in accordance with the regulations of the Internal Revenue Service: *Provided*, That contributed stock shall be sold by the project transferee within one hundred eighty
days of its receipt.

(B) For purposes of this definition, the value of in-kind professional services will not qualify
as an eligible contribution unless the services are:

(i) Reasonably priced and valued, and reasonably necessary services customarily and
 normally provided by the contributor in the normal course of business to customers, clients or
 patients other than those encompassed by the project plan;

(ii) Not reimbursable, in whole or in part, from sources other than the tax credit providedunder this article; and

127 (iii) Services which are not available without cost elsewhere in the community;

(C) "Professional services" means only those services provided directly by a physician licensed to practice in this state, those services provided directly by a dentist licensed to practice in this state, those services provided directly by a lawyer licensed to practice in this state, those services provided directly by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, dental hygienist or other health care professional licensed to practice in this state, those services provided directly by a certified public accountant or public accountant licensed to practice in this state, and those services provided directly by an architect licensed to practice in this state;

(D) *Minimum contribution.* — No contribution of cash, stock, property or professional
services or any combination thereof contributed in any tax year by any taxpayer having a fair
market value of less than \$500 qualifies as an eligible contribution;

(E) *Maximum contribution.* — No contribution of cash, stock, property or professional
services or any combination thereof contributed in any tax year by any taxpayer having a fair
market value in excess of \$200,000 qualifies as an eligible contribution; and

(F) *Limitations.* — Not more than twenty-five percent of total eligible contributions to a
 certified project may be in-kind contributions. Not more than twenty-five percent of total eligible
 contributions made by any taxpayer to any certified project may be in-kind contributions.

144 (14) Eligible taxpayer. —

(A) "Eligible taxpayer" means any person subject to the taxes imposed by article twentyone, twenty-three or twenty-four of this chapter which makes an eligible contribution to a qualified
charitable organization pursuant to the terms of a certified project plan for the purpose of providing
neighborhood assistance, community services or crime prevention, or for the purpose of providing
job training or education for individuals not employed by the contributing taxpayer or an affiliate
of the contributing taxpayer or a person related to the contributing taxpayer;

(B) "Eligible taxpayer" also includes an affiliated group of taxpayers if the group elects to
file a consolidated corporation net income tax return under article twenty-four of this chapter and
if one or more affiliates included in the affiliated group would qualify as an eligible taxpayer under
paragraph (A) of this subdivision.

<u>"Emergency assistance" means the provision of basic needs including shelter, clothing,</u>
 food, water, medical attention or supplies, personal safety, or funds to obtain these to an individual

157 <u>facing circumstances that prevent him or her from securing or maintaining these basic needs.</u>

(15) "Includes and including", when used in a definition contained in this article, shall not
 be considered to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the term defined.

(16) "Job training" means instruction to an individual that enables the individual to acquire
 vocational skills to become employable or able to seek a higher grade of employment.

162 (17) "Natural person or individual" means a human being. The terms "natural person" and
163 "individual" do not mean, and specifically exclude, any corporation, limited liability company,
164 partnership, joint venture, trust, organization, association, agency, governmental subdivision,
165 syndicate, affiliate or affiliation, group, unit or any entity other than a human being.

166 (18) "Neighborhood assistance" means either:

167 (A) Furnishing financial assistance, labor, material and technical advice to aid in the
168 physical or economic improvement of any part or all of an economically disadvantaged area; or
169 (B) Furnishing technical advice to promote higher employment in an economically
170 disadvantaged area.

171 (19) "Neighborhood organization" means any organization:

172 (A) Which is performing community services, as defined in this section; and

(B) Which is exempt from income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal RevenueCode.

175 (20) "Partnership and partner" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or other 176 unincorporated organization through or by means of which any business, financial operation or 177 venture is carried on, and which is not a trust or estate, a corporation or a sole proprietorship. The 178 term "partner" includes a member in a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or organization.

179 (21) "Person" includes any natural person, corporation, limited liability company or
 180 partnership.

181 (22) "Project transferee" means any neighborhood organization, qualified charitable 182 organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person that receives an 183 eligible contribution or part of an eligible contribution from an eligible taxpayer for the purpose of 184 directly or indirectly providing neighborhood assistance, community services or crime prevention, 185 or for the purpose of providing job training or education or other services or assistance pursuant 186 to a project plan. The project transferee is typically the first entity or person receiving eligible 187 contributions from eligible taxpayers under a project plan. However, in the case of eligible 188 contributions of in-kind services or other eligible contributions or portions of those contributions 189 made pursuant to a certified project plan directly to indigent, disadvantaged or needy persons, 190 economically disadvantaged citizens or other persons or organizations under the sponsorship or 191 auspices of any neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable 192 organization or other organization, entity or person as a certified project participant, the eligible

193 contributions shall be considered to have been made to the entity, organization or person under 194 whose sponsorship or auspices the eligible contributions are made, and that entity, organization 195 or person is considered to be the project transferee with relation to those eligible contributions. 196 The project transferee is the entity, organization or person that is liable under this article for 197 payment of the project certification fee to the West Virginia Development Office. The term "project 198 transferee" means and includes any considered project transferee, considered as such under the 199 provisions of this article.

200 (23) "Qualified charitable organization" means a neighborhood organization, as defined in 201 this section, which is the sponsor of a project which has received certification by the Director of 202 the West Virginia Development Office pursuant to the requirements of this article: *Provided*, That 203 no organization may qualify as a qualified organization for purposes of this article if the 204 organization is not registered with this state as required under the Solicitation of Charitable Funds 205 Act.

206 (24) "Related person" or "person related to" a stated taxpayer means:

207 (A) An individual, corporation, partnership, affiliate, association or trust or any combination
208 or group thereof controlled by the taxpayer;

(B) An individual, corporation, partnership, affiliate, association or trust or any combination
or group thereof that is in control of the taxpayer;

(C) An individual, corporation, partnership, affiliate, association or trust or any combination
 or group thereof controlled by an individual, corporation, partnership, affiliate, association or trust
 or any combination or group thereof that is in control of the taxpayer; or

214 (D) A member of the same controlled group as the taxpayer.

For purposes of this article, "control", with respect to a corporation means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of the corporation which entitles its owner to vote. "Control", with respect to a trust, means ownership, directly or indirectly, of fifty percent or more of the beneficial interest

in the principal or income of the trust. The ownership of stock in a corporation, of a capital or profits interest in a partnership or association or of a beneficial interest in a trust shall be determined in accordance with the rules for constructive ownership of stock provided in Section 267(c), other than paragraph (3) of that section, of the United States Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

(25) "State fiscal year" means a twelve-month period beginning on July 1 and ending on
 June 30.

(26) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed by article twenty-one,
 twenty-three or twenty-four of this chapter, or any one or combination of the articles of this chapter.
 (27) "Technical assistance" means:

(A) Assistance in understanding, using and fulfilling the legal, bureaucratic and
 administrative requirements and qualifications which must be negotiated for the purpose of
 effectively accessing, obtaining and using private, charitable, not-for-profit or governmental
 assistance, resources or funds, and maximizing the value of the assistance, resources or fund;

(B) Assistance provided by any person holding a license under West Virginia law to
 practice any licensed profession or occupation, by which the person, in the practice of the
 profession or occupation, assists economically disadvantaged citizens or the persons in an
 economically disadvantaged area by:

(i) Providing any type of health, personal finance, psychological or behavioral, religious,
legal, marital, educational or housing counseling and advice to economically disadvantaged
citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens or in an
economically disadvantaged area;

(ii) Providing emergency assistance or medical care to economically disadvantaged
 citizens or to a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens or in an
 economically disadvantaged area;

(iii) Establishing, maintaining or operating recreational facilities, or housing facilities for
 economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically
 disadvantaged citizens or in an economically disadvantaged area;

(iv) Providing economic development assistance to economically disadvantaged citizens
 or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens, without regard to
 whether they are located in an economically disadvantaged area, or to individuals, groups or
 neighborhood or community organizations, in an economically disadvantaged area; or

(v) Providing community technical assistance and capacity building to economically
 disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens
 or to individuals, groups or neighborhood or community organizations in an economically
 disadvantaged area.

§11-13J-4. Eligibility for tax credits; creation of neighborhood investment fund; certification of project plans by the West Virginia Development Office.

1 (a) A neighborhood organization which seeks to sponsor a project and have that project 2 certified pursuant to this article shall submit to the director of the West Virginia Development Office 3 an application for certification of a project plan, in such form as the director shall prescribe, setting 4 forth the project to be implemented, the identity of all project participant organizations, the 5 economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically 6 disadvantaged citizens, to be assisted by the project, or the economically disadvantaged area or 7 areas selected for assistance by the project, the amount of total tax credits to be created by the 8 proposed project pursuant to the receipt of eligible contributions from eligible taxpayers under this 9 article, the amount of the total estimated eligible contributions to be received pursuant to the 10 project and the schedule for implementing the project.

11

(b) Project certification fee; payment of costs; revolving fund. —

12 (1) (A) *Project certification fee.* — Any project transferee that receives eligible 13 contributions under or pursuant to a certified project plan shall pay to the West Virginia

Development Office a project certification fee in the amount of three percent of the amount of the total eligible contributions received by such project transferee pursuant to the certified project plan. The project certification fee shall be paid to the West Virginia Development Office within thirty days of the receipt of any eligible contribution, or portion thereof.

18 (B) Eligible contributions made through direct service to end users or recipients, or 19 contributions to end users or recipients. — In the case of eligible contributions of in-kind services 20 or other eligible contributions or portions thereof made pursuant to a certified project plan and 21 contributed or provided directly to indigent, disadvantaged or needy persons, economically 22 disadvantaged citizens or other persons or organizations made under the sponsorship or 23 auspices of any neighborhood organization, gualified charitable organization, charitable 24 organization or other organization, entity or person as a certified project participant, such eligible 25 contributions shall be deemed to have been made to the entity, organization or person under 26 whose sponsorship or auspices such eligible contributions are made, and that entity, organization 27 or person is deemed to be the project transferee with relation to those eligible contributions. Such 28 deemed project transferee shall be liable for the project certification fee due for such eligible 29 contributions.

30 (C) Computation of fee based on fair market value. — In the case of eligible contributions
 31 consisting of in-kind services, tangible personal property or realty, the project transferee shall pay
 32 to the West Virginia Development Office a project certification fee in the amount of three percent
 33 of the fair market value of eligible contributions received pursuant to the certified project plan.

34 (2) Sanctions for failure to timely pay the project certification fee. — Failure to timely pay
35 the project certification fee imposed by this section shall be grounds for imposition of any of the
36 following sanctions, to be imposed by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office at the
37 discretion of the director:

38

(A) Prospective revocation of the project certification. —

No tax credit shall be allowed for any project for which certification has been revoked for periods subsequent to the effective date of revocation. Credit taken by any taxpayer in accordance with this article pursuant to the making of an eligible contribution to a project transferee pursuant to a certified project plan prior to the effective date of revocation of project certification shall not be subject to recapture by reason of revocation of the certification. However, such credit shall otherwise be subject to audit and adjustment or recapture in accordance with the requirements of this article.

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(B) Retroactive withdrawal of the project certification. —

47 No tax credit shall be allowed for any project for which certification has been withdrawn.
48 Credit taken by any taxpayer in accordance with this article pursuant to the making of an eligible
49 contribution to a project transferee pursuant to a certified project plan for which certification is
50 later withdrawn pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be subject to recapture upon
51 withdrawal of the certification.

52 (C) Suspension of the project certification for a stated period of time. —

No tax credit shall be allowed for contributions made during the suspension period for a project. Credit taken by any taxpayer in accordance with this article pursuant to the making of an eligible contribution to a project transferee pursuant to a certified project plan prior to or subsequent to the suspension period shall not be subject to recapture by reason of the suspension. However, such credit shall otherwise be subject to audit and adjustment or recapture in accordance with the requirements of this article.

(D) Temporary or permanent disqualification of one or more project transferees,
 neighborhood organizations, qualified charitable organizations, charitable organizations or other
 organizations, entities or persons from participation in a particular specified certified project. —

62 No tax credit shall be allowed under this article for any contribution made during the 63 disqualification period to any project transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable 64 organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person disqualified under this

section from participation in a certified project. Tax credit taken by any taxpayer in accordance with this article pursuant to the making of an eligible contribution to any project transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person pursuant to a certified project plan prior to or subsequent to the disqualification period shall not be subject to recapture by reason of the disqualification of the recipient thereof. However, such credit shall otherwise be subject to audit and adjustment or recapture in accordance with the requirements of this article.

(E) Temporary or permanent disqualification of any project transferee, neighborhood
 organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity
 or person, or group thereof, from participation in any and all certified projects currently in existence
 or to be formed, proposed or certified under this article. —

76 (i) No tax credit shall be allowed under this article for any contribution made during the 77 disgualification period to any project transferee, neighborhood organization, gualified charitable 78 organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person disgualified under this 79 section from participation in any and all certified projects under this article. Tax credit taken by 80 any eligible taxpayer in accordance with this article pursuant to the making of an eligible contribution to the project transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable 81 82 organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person disgualified from 83 participation in any and all certified projects under this article, pursuant to a certified project plan 84 prior to or subsequent to the disgualification period shall not be subject to recapture by reason of 85 the disgualification. However, such credit shall otherwise be subject to audit and adjustment or 86 recapture in accordance with the requirements of this article; and

(ii) No certification shall be issued during the disqualification period for any proposed
project in which a project transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization,
charitable organization or other organization, entity or person disqualified under this section from
participation in any and all certified projects is listed as a proposed project participant.

91 (F) Any combination of the aforementioned sanctions.

92 (3) Audits and investigations. — The West Virginia Development Office or the Department
93 of Revenue, or both, may initiate and carry out investigations or audits of any recipient of any
94 eligible contribution under this article, any eligible taxpayer or any project transferee to determine
95 whether the project certification fee imposed by this section has been paid in accordance with the
96 requirements of this article.

97

(4) Procedures, failure to timely pay the project certification fee upon written demand. —

98 (A) Written demand. — The Director of the West Virginia Development Office shall, upon 99 a reasonable belief that a project transferee has failed to timely pay the fee imposed by this 100 section, issue a written demand for payment thereof, plus interest determined at the interest rate 101 prescribed under section seventeen, article ten of this chapter, in such form as the Director of the 102 West Virginia Development Office may specify. The Director of the West Virginia Development 103 Office may also impose a penalty for failure to timely pay the project certification fee in the amount 104 of twenty percent of the amount of the project certification fee due and interest due. Such demand 105 shall notify the project transferee of the opportunity to show that the project certification fee is not 106 due and owing.

107 (B) Failure to pay pursuant to written demand. —

Failure of the project transferee to pay any project certification fee due, with interest and penalties, as stated in the written demand for payment of the project certification fee, within thirty days of service of such demand, and failure of the project transferee to prove to the satisfaction of the Director of the West Virginia Development Office that the fee imposed by this section is not due and owing, shall result in a determination by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office that sanctions shall apply.

(C) Notice of pending sanctions. — Upon the making of a determination by the Director of
 the West Virginia Development Office that sanctions for failure to pay the project certification fee
 apply, the Director of the West Virginia Development Office shall serve upon the project transferee

from which the project certification fee, or some portion thereof, is due and owing, a notice of pending sanctions. If the project transferee from which the certified project fee, or some portion thereof, is due and owing is not the applicant for project certification, then an informational copy of the notice of pending sanctions shall also be served upon the applicant for project certification.

121 (D) Service of notice, content of notice. — The notice of pending sanctions shall be served 122 upon the delinquent project transferee in the same manner as an assessment of tax in accordance 123 with article ten of this chapter. Such notice of pending sanctions shall state the sanctions to be 124 applied in accordance with this section, the effective date or dates of such sanctions, with specific 125 statements of whether any sanction is to be applied retroactively or in part retroactively, and the 126 commencement and termination dates for any suspensions of certification or temporary 127 disgualifications of any program transferee, neighborhood organization, gualified charitable 128 organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person to be disqualified 129 under this section from participation in certified projects. The notice of pending sanctions shall 130 state that sanctions shall be imposed sixty days after service of the notice of pending sanctions 131 upon the delinquent project transferee, unless the delinquent project transferee pays the amount 132 of the project certification fee due and owing, plus interest and penalties.

(E) *Appeals.* — The project transferee may file an appeal of pending sanctions as if the notice of pending sanctions were an assessment of tax under article ten of this chapter, and the matter on appeal shall be subject to the procedures set forth in article ten of this chapter. On appeal, the burden of proof shall be on the project transferee to prove that the project certification fee and associated interest and penalties are not due and owing. The review on appeal shall be limited to:

(i) The issue of whether a failure to timely pay the project certification fee or any portion
thereof has occurred, the time period or periods over which such failure occurred, and whether
such failure continues to occur;

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(ii) The amount of the project certification fee and interest due; and

(iii) The mathematical and methodological accuracy of the computation of the projectcertification fee, interest and penalties.

145 (F) Statutory confidentiality. — No information, document or proceeding brought pursuant 146 to this section, relating to the liability of any project transferee for the project certification fee, 147 interest or penalties imposed under this section is subject to the confidentiality provisions of article 148 ten of this chapter or any other confidentiality provision of this code. However, any proceeding 149 relating to any amount of tax due or the recapture of tax credit taken under this article or any 150 adjustment of the amount of tax credit taken under this article is subject to the provisions of article 151 ten of this chapter, including all statutory confidentiality provisions, and shall be subject to all other 152 applicable statutory tax confidentiality provisions of this code.

153 (G) Effect of a final determination, waiver of penalties or sanctions. — The notice of 154 pending sanctions shall become final sixty days after service, unless an appeal is filed under this 155 section, and shall not be subject to further appeal by the recipient thereof. When a determination 156 has become final that a project transferee has failed to timely pay the project certification fee, or 157 any part thereof, the sanctions described in the notice of pending sanctions shall apply, effective 158 as of the date set forth in that notice, unless the project certification fee, interest and penalties 159 due are paid to the West Virginia Development Office within thirty days of the date on which the 160 determination has become final. The twenty percent penalty authorized under this section may 161 be imposed, adjusted, withdrawn or waived, in whole or in part, at the discretion of the Director of 162 the West Virginia Development Office. However, payment of the project certification fee and 163 interest due shall not be subject to waiver. The sanctions for failure to pay the project certification 164 fee authorized under this section may be imposed, adjusted, withdrawn or waived, in whole or in 165 part, at the discretion of the Director of the West Virginia Development Office.

(c) Within sixty days after the close of the regular meeting of the Neighborhood Investment
Advisory Board at which a complete application for approval of a proposed project is considered
by the board, the Director of the West Virginia Development Office shall certify, or deny

169 certification of, the proposed project for which such application has been filed: *Provided*, That 170 applications for which the board requires additional information may be considered at the next 171 regular meeting of the board. Those applications not approved by the director within sixty days of 172 final action of the board shall be deemed disapproved by operation of law.

(d) The West Virginia Development Office shall promptly notify an applicant as to whetheran application for certification of a project plan has been approved or disapproved.

175 (e) Those prospective qualified charitable organizations which receive certification of a 176 project plan, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of this article so as to become 177 qualified charitable organizations, as defined in section three of this article, may receive eligible 178 contributions, as defined in said section. Eligible taxpayers which make eligible contributions shall 179 receive a tax credit as provided in section five of this article. No tax credit may be granted under 180 this article for any contribution except eligible contributions made to a project which has been 181 certified in accordance with the requirements of this article prior to the making of the contribution. 182 No tax credit may be granted under this article for any contribution which, if allowed, would cause 183 the amount of tax credit generated by the project to exceed the maximum amount of tax credit for 184 which the project was certified as stated in the application for project certification filed with the West Virginia Development Office. 185

(f) All applications for certification of a project filed with the West Virginia Development
Office, whether such project is certified or denied certification, are public information which may
be viewed and copied by the public and, at the discretion of the West Virginia Development Office,
published by the West Virginia Development Office.

(g) Project transferees shall file quarterly biannual reports with the West Virginia
Development Office on the progress of the certified project. The quarterly biannual reports shall
be filed in a form approved by the director.

193 (h) *Revolving fund.* —

194 (1) For the purpose of permitting payments to be made and costs to be met for operation 195 of the program established by this article, there is hereby created a revolving fund for the West 196 Virginia Development Office, which shall be known as the Neighborhood Investment Fund. All 197 money received by the West Virginia Development Office under this article shall be paid into the 198 State Treasury, and shall be deposited to the credit of the Neighborhood Investment Fund, and 199 shall be expended only for the purposes of defraying the costs of the Neighborhood Investment 200 Program Advisory Board and the West Virginia Development Office in administering the program 201 established pursuant to this article, unless otherwise directed by the Legislature.

202 (2) The Neighborhood Investment Fund shall be accumulated and administered as203 follows:

204 (A) Payments received under this article shall be deposited into the Neighborhood205 Investment Fund.

(B) Any appropriations made to the Neighborhood Investment Fund shall not be deemedto have expired at the end of any fiscal period.

§11-13J-4a. Neighborhood Investment Program Advisory Board.

(a) There is hereby created a Neighborhood Investment Program Advisory Board, which
 shall consist of twelve voting members and the chairperson.

3 (b) Chairperson. —

4 (1) The Director of the West Virginia Development Office, or the designee of the Director
5 of the West Virginia Development Office, shall be the ex officio chairperson of the Neighborhood
6 Investment Program Advisory Board.

- 7 (2) The chairperson shall vote on actions of the board only in the event of a tie vote, in
 8 which case the chairperson's vote shall be the deciding vote.
- 9 (c) Board members. —

(1) Four members shall be officers or members of the boards of directors of unrelated
 corporations which are not affiliated with one another and which are currently licensed to do
 business in West Virginia.

(2) Four members shall be executive directors, officers or members of the boards of
directors of unrelated not-for-profit organizations which are not affiliated with one another which
currently hold charitable organization status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
Code and which are currently licensed to do business in West Virginia.

(3) Four members shall be economically disadvantaged citizens of the state that, for the
taxable year immediately preceding the year of appointment to the board, had an annual gross
personal income that was not more than one hundred twenty-five percent of the federal
designated poverty level for personal incomes, and who has been a domiciliary and resident of
this state for at least one year at the time of appointment.

A member appointed under this subdivision is not disqualified from completion of his or her term if his or her income in the year of appointment or in any year subsequent to the year of appointment exceeds one hundred twenty-five percent of the federal designated poverty level. A member shall not be eligible for reappointment under this subdivision unless he or she meets the original qualifications for appointment: *Provided*, That such member may be reappointed pursuant to qualification under subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection if the member meets the requirements of subdivision (1) or (2), respectively.

29 (d) Limitations; terms of members; appointments. —

30 (1) Not more than four members, exclusive of the chairperson, shall be appointed from
31 any one congressional district. Not more than seven of the members, exclusive of the chairperson,
32 may belong to the same political party. Members shall be eligible for reappointment. However, no
33 member may serve for more than three consecutive terms.

34 (2) Appointment terms. —

(A) Except for initial appointments described under subdivision (3) of this subsection, and
 except for midterm special appointments made to fill irregular vacancies on the board, members
 shall be appointed for terms of three years each.

(B) Except for midterm special appointments made to fill irregular vacancies on the board,
appointment terms shall begin on July 1 of the beginning year. All appointment terms, special and
regular, shall end on June 30 of the ending year.

41 (3) Selection of members. —

42 (A) For the initial appointment of members under this subdivision, members shall be43 selected by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office.

(B) At the end of a member's term, the chairperson shall solicit new member nominations
from the board and appoint the most appropriate person to serve, in compliance with the
requirements set forth in this section.

47 (C) Vacancies on the board shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments48 for the duration of the unexpired term.

49 (e) Quorum; meetings; funding. —

50 (1) The presence of a majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum for the 51 transaction of business. The board shall elect from among its members a vice chairperson and 52 such other officers as are necessary.

(2) The board shall meet not less than four two times during the fiscal year, and additional
meetings may be held upon a call of the chairperson or of a majority of the members: *Provided*,
That no meeting of the board shall be required if the total amount of tax credits available for the
fiscal year have been allotted.

57 (3) Board members shall be reimbursed by the West Virginia Development Office for sums
58 necessary to carry out responsibilities of the board and for reasonable travel expenses to attend
59 board meetings.

60 (f) *Annual report.* — The board shall make a report to the Governor and the Legislature 61 within thirty days of the close of each fiscal year. The report shall include summaries of all 62 meetings of the board, an analysis of the overall progress of the program, fiscal concerns, the 63 relative impact the program is having on the state and any suggestions and policy

recommendations that the board may have. The report shall be public information made available
to the general public for examination and copying. The board is authorized to publish the annual
report, should the board elect to do so.

67 (g) Duties of the board. —

68 (1) Administrative duties. — The board shall be responsible for advising the West Virginia
 69 Development Office concerning the administrative obligations of the program.

70 (2) Project evaluation and approval; prohibition on project promotion. —

(A) The board shall select and approve projects, which may then be certified by the
 Director of the West Virginia Development Office pursuant to section four of this article.

73 (B) Only projects sponsored by qualified charitable organizations, as defined in section 74 three of this article, may be approved by the board or certified by the Director of the West Virginia 75 Development Office. An applicant that does not hold current status as a charitable organization 76 under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code may not receive project approval from the 77 board, or project certification from the Director of the West Virginia Development Office, for any 78 proposed project. Failure of any applicant to provide convincing documentation proving such 79 status as a charitable organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code shall 80 result in automatic denial of project approval and denial of project certification under this article.

81 (3) *Criteria for evaluation.* — In evaluating projects for approval, the board shall give
82 priority to projects based upon the following criteria. A proposed project shall be favored if:

83 (A) The project is community based. A project is community based if:

84 (i) The project is to be managed locally, without national, state, multistate or international
85 affiliations;

86 (ii) The project will benefit local citizens in the immediate geographic area where the
 87 project is to operate; and

(iii) The sponsor of the project is a local entity, rather than a statewide, national or
 international organization or an affiliate of a statewide, national or international organization.

90 (B) The proposed project will primarily serve low income persons.

91 (C) The proposed project will serve highly distressed neighborhoods or communities.

92 (D) The project plan incorporates collaborative partnerships among nonprofit groups,93 businesses, government organizations and other community organizations.

94 (E) The applicant or sponsor of the project has demonstrated a proven capacity to deliver95 the proposed services.

96 (F) The applicant or sponsor of the project historically maintains low reasonable 97 administrative costs.

98 (G) The applicant produces a strong showing of need for the services which the proposed
 99 project would provide, and produces convincing documentation of that need.

100 (H) The proposed project is innovative, novel, creative or unique in program approach.

(4) If an applicant is directly or indirectly affiliated with one or more board members, those
members shall not discuss the proposals with one or more board members, and shall not have a
vote when that project is considered for final approval or disapproval.

104 (5) Project approval by the board. — Proposed projects shall be approved or denied
 105 approval by a majority vote of the board after competitive comparison with proposed projects of
 106 other applicants.

107

(h) Project certification by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office. —

108 (1) Upon issuance of approval for a project by the board, the approved project shall be 109 certified by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office: *Provided*. That no certification 110 may issue for any project, even though the project may have been approved by the board, if the 111 issuance of certification for such project will cause the aggregate amount of tax credits certified 112 to exceed the limitation set forth in this article. No certification may be issued by the Director of 113 the West Virginia Development Office for any project which has not been approved by the board. 114 (2) The West Virginia Development Office shall promptly notify applicants of the issuance 115 of certification for their projects and shall issue tax credit vouchers to certified project applicants

116 in the amount of the tax credit represented by the project.

(3) The West Virginia Development Office may provide incidental technical support and
guidance to projects certified under this article and may monitor the progress of the projects. The
West Virginia Development Office shall make a quarterly <u>biannual</u> report to the board on the
progress of certified projects and the program generally.

§11-13J-10. Public information relating to tax credit.

1 The Tax Commissioner shall annually publish in the State Register the name and address 2 of every taxpayer asserting this credit on a tax return, and the amount of any credit asserted on 3 a tax return under this article by each such taxpayer, and the confidentiality provisions of section 4 four-a, article one of this chapter or section five-d, article ten of this chapter, or of any other 5 provision of this code, do not apply to such information.

§11-13J-12. Program evaluation; expiration of credit; preservation of entitlement.

1 Beginning on December 15, 2005, and every second third year thereafter, the director 2 shall secure an independent review of the Neighborhood Investment Program created by this 3 article and present the findings to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance. Unless 4 sooner terminated by law, the Neighborhood Investment Program Act terminates on July 1, 2016 5 2021. There is no entitlement to the tax credit under this article for a contribution made to a 6 certified project after July 1, 2016 2021, and no credit is available to any taxpayer for any 7 contribution made after that date. Taxpayers which have gained entitlement to the credit pursuant 8 to eligible contributions made to certified projects prior to July 1, 2016 2021, shall retain that 9 entitlement and apply the credit in due course pursuant to the requirements and limitations of this 10 article.