



P.O. BOX 2067  
CHARLESTON, WV 25327

JOHN A. MYERS  
DIRECTOR

PHONE: 304.558.0500  
wvlottery.com

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### MEMORANDUM

TO: Joint Committee on Government and Finance

FROM: John A. Myers, Director

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "John A. Myers".

RE: Monthly Report on Lottery Operations  
Month Ending November 30, 2021

DATE: December 16, 2021

This report of the Lottery operations is provided pursuant to the State Lottery Act.

Financial statements of the Lottery for the month ending November 30, 2021 are attached. Lottery revenue, which includes on-line, instant, video lottery sales, table games, and historic resort, sports wagering, and interactive gaming was \$101,472,496 for the month of November.

Transfers of lottery revenue totaling \$42,890,143 made for the month of November to the designated state agencies per Senate Bill 160, Veterans Instant Ticket Fund, Racetrack Video Lottery Act (§29-22A-10), and the Racetrack Table Games Act (§29-22C-27). The amount transferred to each agency is shown in Note 12 on pages 20 and 21 of the attached financial statements.

The number of traditional and limited retailers active as of November 30, 2021 was 1,518 and 1,218 respectively.

A listing of the names and amounts of prize winners has been provided to the Clerk of the Senate, the Clerk of the House and Legislative Services.

If any member of the Committee has questions concerning the Lottery, please call me. Also if any members of the Legislature wish to visit the Lottery offices, I would be pleased to show them our facilities and discuss the Lottery with them.

JAM  
Attachment

pc: Honorable Jim Justice, Governor  
Dave Hardy, Cabinet Secretary – Dept. of Revenue  
Riley Moore, Treasurer  
J. B. McCuskey, Auditor  
Members of the West Virginia Lottery Commission

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**

**STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
-UNAUDITED-**

**November 30, 2021**

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**

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**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**  
(In Thousands)  
-Unaudited-

ASSETS	November 30 2021	June 30, 2021
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 159,162	\$ 198,583
Accounts receivable	44,093	35,077
Inventory	1,019	911
Other assets	1,449	1,806
Total Current Assets	<u>205,723</u>	<u>236,377</u>
Capital assets	60,923	60,923
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(19,194)</u>	<u>(18,503)</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>41,729</u>	<u>42,420</u>
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>41,729</u>	<u>42,420</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 247,452</u>	<u>\$ 278,797</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 2,537</u>	<u>\$ 2,537</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows	<u>\$ 249,989</u>	<u>\$ 281,334</u>
Current Liabilities:		
Accrued nonoperating distributions to the State of West Virginia	\$ 139,717	\$ 166,942
Estimated prize claims	17,049	16,445
Accounts payable	1,993	2,265
Other accrued liabilities	31,843	36,295
Total Current Liabilities	<u>190,602</u>	<u>221,947</u>
Deferred inflows	<u>\$ 2,355</u>	<u>2,355</u>
Net Position:		
Net Investment in capital assets	41,729	42,420
Unrestricted	<u>15,303</u>	<u>14,612</u>
Total Net Position	<u>57,032</u>	<u>57,032</u>
Total net position, liabilities, and deferred inflows	<u>\$ 249,989</u>	<u>\$ 281,334</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION**  
**FOR THE FOUR MONTH PERIOD ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2021**

(In Thousands)  
- Unaudited -

	CURRENT MONTH		YEAR TO DATE	
	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2021
Lottery revenues				
On-line games	\$ 5,333	\$ 4,968	\$ 30,967	\$ 25,311
Instant games	15,208	10,693	71,030	63,402
Racetrack video lottery	36,502	26,491	199,588	161,627
Limited video lottery	38,620	32,734	202,117	184,894
Table games	3,483	1,976	15,473	9,915
Historic resort	666	594	3,763	3,291
Sports Wagering	684	459	2,099	1,648
Interactive Wagering	975	339	4,361	1,027
	<u>101,471</u>	<u>78,254</u>	<u>529,398</u>	<u>451,115</u>
Less commissions				
On-line games	375	361	2,174	1,776
Instant games	1,064	748	4,972	4,438
Racetrack video lottery	20,026	14,534	109,502	88,675
Limited video lottery	18,924	16,040	99,037	90,598
Table games	1,476	838	6,556	4,201
Historic resort	334	316	1,874	1,687
	<u>42,199</u>	<u>32,837</u>	<u>224,115</u>	<u>191,375</u>
Less on-line prizes	2,736	2,829	16,346	12,968
Less instant prizes	10,343	7,263	48,356	42,967
Less ticket costs	228	99	778	610
Less vendor fees and costs	796	646	4,393	3,840
	<u>14,103</u>	<u>10,837</u>	<u>69,873</u>	<u>60,385</u>
Gross profit	<u>45,169</u>	<u>34,580</u>	<u>235,410</u>	<u>199,355</u>
Administrative expenses				
Advertising and promotions	232	314	2,540	1,928
Wages and related benefits	829	878	4,308	4,313
Telecommunications	46	28	326	249
Contractual and professional	960	484	1,596	2,444
Rental	17	19	105	80
Depreciation and amortization	138	138	691	691
Other administrative expenses	194	56	986	614
	<u>2,416</u>	<u>1,917</u>	<u>10,552</u>	<u>10,319</u>
Other Operating Income	<u>181</u>	<u>130</u>	<u>2,179</u>	<u>3,822</u>
Operating Income	<u>42,934</u>	<u>32,793</u>	<u>227,037</u>	<u>192,858</u>
Nonoperating income (expense)				
Investment income	(34)	143	(53)	459
Distributions to municipalities and counties	(757)	(641)	(3,962)	(3,624)
Distributions -capital reinvestment	(29)	(21)	(151)	(106)
Distributions to the State of West Virginia	(42,114)	(32,274)	(222,871)	(189,587)
	<u>(42,934)</u>	<u>(32,793)</u>	<u>(227,037)</u>	<u>(192,858)</u>
Net income	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net position, beginning of period	<u>57,032</u>	<u>55,589</u>	<u>57,032</u>	<u>55,589</u>
Net position, end of period	<u>\$ 57,032</u>	<u>\$ 55,589</u>	<u>\$ 57,032</u>	<u>\$ 55,589</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**FOR THE FIVE MONTH PERIOD ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2021**  
**(In Thousands)**  
**-Unaudited-**

	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers and other sources	\$ 522,561	\$ 566,657
Cash payments for:		
Personnel costs	(4,308)	(4,313)
Suppliers	(6,126)	(5,667)
Other operating costs	<u>(293,406)</u>	<u>(361,852)</u>
Cash provided by operating activities	<u>218,721</u>	<u>194,825</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Nonoperating distributions to the State of West Virginia	(250,096)	(228,727)
Distributions to municipalities and counties	(3,999)	(3,784)
Distributions to racetrack from racetrack cap. reinv. fund	<u>(4,331)</u>	<u>(3,827)</u>
Cash used in noncapital financing activities	<u>(258,426)</u>	<u>(236,338)</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchases of capital assets	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment earnings received	<u>284</u>	<u>573</u>
Cash provided by investing activities	<u>284</u>	<u>573</u>
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(39,421)	(40,940)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	<u>198,583</u>	<u>132,073</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	<u>\$ 159,162</u>	<u>\$ 91,133</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$ 227,037	\$ 192,858
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	691	691
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(9,016)	111,720
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(108)	(397)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	20	(9)
Increase (decrease) in estimated prize claims	606	(108,179)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(271)	(152)
Increase (decrease) in other accrued liabilities	<u>(238)</u>	<u>(1,707)</u>
Cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 218,721</u>	<u>\$ 194,825</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 1 - LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENT**

The West Virginia Lottery (Lottery) was established by the State Lottery Act (Act) passed April 13, 1985, which created a special fund in the State Treasury designated as the “State Lottery Fund.” The purpose of the Act was to establish and implement a state-operated lottery under the supervision of a state lottery commission (Commission) and a director. The Commission consisting of seven members and the Director are appointed by the Governor. Under the Act, the Commission has certain powers and the duty to establish rules for conducting games, to select the type and number of gaming systems or games and to enter into contracts and agreements, and to do all acts necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and exercise of its power and duty to operate the Lottery in a highly efficient manner. The Act provides that a minimum annual average of 45% of the gross amount received from each lottery shall be allocated for prizes and also provides for certain limitations on expenses necessary for operation and administration of the Lottery. To the extent available, remaining net profits are to be distributed to the State of West Virginia. As the State is able to impose its will over the Lottery, the Lottery is considered a component unit of the State and its financial statements are presented in the comprehensive annual financial report of the State as a blended proprietary fund component unit.

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

A summary of the significant accounting policies of the Lottery is presented below.

**BASIS OF PRESENTATION** – The West Virginia Lottery is a component unit of the State of West Virginia, and is accounted for as a proprietary fund special purpose government engaged in business type activities. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, “Basic Financial Statements and Management’s Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments,” and with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting which requires recognition of revenue when earned and expenses when incurred. As permitted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, “*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*,” the Lottery has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 unless the GASB specifically adopts such FASB statements or interpretations.

The Lottery is included in the State’s basic financial statements as a proprietary fund and business type activity using the accrual basis of accounting. Because of the Lottery’s presentation in these financial statements as a special purpose government engaged in business type activities, there may be differences in presentation of amounts reported in these financial statements and the basic financial statements of the State as a result of major fund determination.

**USE OF ESTIMATES** – The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and develop assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes to financial statements. Actual results could differ from management’s estimates.

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**LOTTERY GAME OPERATIONS** – The West Virginia Lottery derives its revenues from four basic types of lottery games: instant, on-line, video type games, and table games. The Lottery develops multiple game themes and prize structures to comply with its enabling legislation, including aggregate annual minimum prize provisions. All bonded retailers and agents comprised principally of grocery and convenience stores serve as the primary distribution channel for instant and on-line lottery sales to the general public.

The Lottery has contracted with a private vendor to manufacture, distribute, and provide data processing support for instant and on-line games. Under the terms of the agreements, the Lottery pays a percentage of gross revenues or gross profits for the processing and manufacture of the games.

Revenue from instant games is recognized when game tickets are sold to the retailers, and the related prize expense is recorded based on the specific game prize structure. Instant ticket sales and related prizes do not include the value of free plays issued for the purpose of increasing the odds of winning a prize.

Sales of on-line lottery tickets are made by licensed agents to the public with the use of computerized terminals. On-line games include POWERBALL®, a multi-state “jackpot” game; Mega Millions®, a multi-state “jackpot” game; Cash25 “lotto” game; Daily 3 and 4 “numbers” games; and Travel, a daily “keno” game. Revenue is recognized when the agent sells the tickets to the public. Prize expense is recognized on the basis of actual drawing results.

Commissions are paid to instant game retailers and on-line agents at the rate of seven percent of gross sales. A portion of the commission not to exceed one and one quarter percent of gross sales may be paid from unclaimed prize moneys. The amount paid from unclaimed prize moneys is credited against prize costs. In addition, retailers and agents are paid limited bonus incentives that include prize shares on winning tickets they sold and a ticket cashing bonus on winning tickets they cash. On a weekly basis, retailers and agents must remit amounts due to the Lottery. Retailers may not be able to order additional instant tickets if payment has not been made for the previous billing period, while an agent’s on-line terminal may be rendered inactive if payment is not received each week. No one retailer or agent accounts for a significant amount of the Lottery’s sales or accounts receivable. Historically credit losses have been nominal and no allowance for doubtful accounts receivable is considered necessary.

Video lottery is a self-activated video version of lottery games which is operated by an authorized licensee. The board-operated games allow a player to place bets for the chance to be awarded credits which can either be redeemed for cash or be replayed as additional bets. The coin operated games allow a player to use coins, currency, or tokens to place bets for the chance to receive coin or token awards which may be redeemed for cash or used for replay in the coin operated games. The video lottery games’ prize structures are designed to award prizes, or credits, at a stipulated rate of total bets played, and prize expense is netted against total video credits played. The Lottery recognizes as video lottery revenue “gross terminal income” equivalent to all wagers, net of related prizes. Amounts required by statute to be paid to the private and local government entities are reported as commissions. WV Lottery statutes have established specific requirements for video lottery and imposed certain restrictions limiting the licensing for operation of video lottery games to horse and dog racetracks in West Virginia (subject to local county elections permitting the same), limited licensed retailer areas restricted for adult amusement, and licensed historic resort hotels as defined by WV Code.



**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

The legislation further stipulates the distribution of revenues from video lottery games, and requires any video lottery licensee to be responsible for acquiring the necessary equipment and bearing the risk associated with the costs of operating and marketing the games.

Table games are lotteries as each game involves consideration, the possibility of a prize, and their outcome is determined predominantly by chance, which the common law of West Virginia has long held are the three essential elements of a lottery. Table games are the exclusive intangible intellectual property of the state of West Virginia. Table games legislation has established specific requirements for table games and imposed certain restrictions limiting the licensing for operation of table games to horse and dog racetracks in West Virginia (subject to local county elections permitting the same), and licensed historic resort hotels as defined by WV Code. Each licensee as an agent of the Lottery Commission to operate West Virginia table games shall have written rules of play for each table game it operates which must be approved by the Commission. All wagers and pay-offs of winning wagers shall be made according to those rules of play. For the privilege of holding a table games license, there is levied a privilege tax of thirty-five percent of each licensee's adjusted gross receipts for the operation of West Virginia Lottery table games. Amounts required by statute to be paid to private and local government entities are reported as commissions. The legislation further stipulates the distribution of revenues from West Virginia table games, and requires any licensee to be responsible for acquiring the necessary equipment and bearing the risk associated with the costs of operating and marketing the games.

**CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** – Cash and cash equivalents primarily consist of interest-earning deposits in an external investment pool maintained by the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (BTI). The BTI pool is a 2a-7 like pool carried at amortized cost which approximates fair value of the underlying securities.

**INVENTORY** – Inventory consists of instant game tickets available for sale to approved Lottery retailers and is carried at cost as determined by the specific identification method.

**OTHER ASSETS** – Other assets consist of deposits restricted for payment of certain Multi-State Lottery Association activities and prepaid expenses.

**CAPITAL ASSETS** – The Lottery has adopted a policy of capitalizing assets with individual amounts exceeding \$25,000. These assets include leasehold improvements and purchased equipment, comprised principally of technology property, office furnishings and equipment necessary to administer lottery games, are carried at cost. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method using three to ten year lives.

**ADVERTISING AND PROMOTIONS** – The Lottery expenses the costs of advertising and promotions as they are incurred.

**COMPENSATED ABSENCES** – The Lottery has accrued \$835,830 and \$813,247 at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, for estimated obligations that may arise in connection with compensated absences for vacation at the current rate of employee pay. Employees fully vest in all earned but unused vacation. To the extent that accumulated sick leave is expected to be converted to benefits on termination or retirement, the Lottery participates in another postemployment benefits plan.

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**NET POSITION** – Net position is presented as restricted, unrestricted and net investment in capital assets which represent the net book value of all property and equipment of the Lottery. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, restricted resources are applied first.

**OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES** – Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds such as the Lottery are revenues and expenses that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. Operating revenues for the Lottery are derived from providing various types of lottery games. Operating expenses include commissions, prize costs, other direct costs of providing lottery games, and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

**NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

At November 30, 2021 the carrying amounts of deposits (overdraft) with financial institutions were \$492 thousand with a bank balance (overdraft) of \$585 thousand. Of this balance \$250 thousand was covered by federal depository insurance with the remaining balance collateralized with securities held by the State of West Virginia’s agent in the State’s name.

A summary of the amount on deposit with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (BTI) is as follows (in thousands):

	<u>November 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 492	\$ 461
Cash on hand at the Treasurer's Office	38,334	26,655
Investments with BTI reported as cash equivalents	<u>120,336</u>	<u>171,467</u>
	<u>\$ 159,162</u>	<u>\$ 198,583</u>

The deposits with the BTI are part of the State of West Virginia’s consolidated investment cash liquidity pool. Investment income is pro-rated to the Lottery at rates specified by the BTI based on the balance of the deposits maintained in relation to the total deposits of all state agencies participating in the pool. Such funds are available to the Lottery with overnight notice.

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of capital asset activity for the month ended November 30, 2021 is as follows (in thousands):

Capital Assets:

	Historical Cost At June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Historical Cost At November 30, 2021
Buildings	48,243	-	-	48,243
Land	1,681	-	-	1,681
Equipment	10,999	-	-	10,999
	<u>\$ 60,923</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 60,923</u>

Accumulated  
Depreciation:

	Historical Cost At June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Historical Cost At November 30, 2021
Buildings	\$ 10,165	\$ 514	\$ -	\$ 10,679
Equipment	8,338	177	-	8,515
	<u>\$ 18,503</u>	<u>\$ 691</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 19,194</u>

**NOTE 5 - PARTICIPATION IN THE MULTI-STATE LOTTERY**

The Lottery is a member of the Multi-State Lottery (MUSL), which operates the semi-weekly POWERBALL® jackpot lotto game, the LOTTO AMERICA® game, and the MEGA MILLIONS® jackpot game on behalf of participating state lotteries. MUSL is currently comprised of 33 member state lotteries, including the District of Columbia and the United States Virgin Islands. MUSL is managed by a Board of Directors, which is comprised of the lottery directors or their designee from each of the party states. The Board of Directors' responsibilities to administer the Multi-State Lottery Powerball, Lotto America, and Mega Millions games are performed by advisory committees or panels staffed by officers and independent contractors appointed by the board. These officers and consultants serve at the pleasure of the board and the board prescribes their powers, duties and qualifications. The Executive Committee carries out the budgeting and financing of MUSL, while the board contracts the annual independent audit. A copy of the audit may be obtained by writing to the Multi-State Lottery Association, 1701-48th Street, Suite 210, West Des Moines, Iowa 50266-6723.

Each MUSL member sells game tickets through its agents and makes weekly wire transfers to the MUSL in an amount equivalent to the total prize pool less the amount of prizes won in each state. Lesser prizes are paid directly to the winners by each member lottery. The prize pool for POWERBALL®, LOTTO AMERICA®, and MEGA MILLIONS® is 50% of each drawing period's sales, with minimum jackpot levels. The Lottery's revenues and expenses from MUSL games participation for the month ended November 30, 2021 and fiscal year-to-date is as follows:

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 5 - PARTICIPATION IN THE MULTI-STATE LOTTERY (continued)**

<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Month</u>	<u>Y-T-D</u>
Powerball	\$ 2,205,446	\$ 13,498,654
Lotto America	335,355	1,863,631
Mega Millions	843,560	5,727,667
Total	\$ 3,384,361	\$ 21,089,952

  

<u>Expenses (Prizes)</u>	<u>Month</u>	<u>Y-T-D</u>
Powerball	\$ 1,107,134	\$ 6,776,461
Lotta America	167,677	931,836
Mega Millions	421,782	2,863,903
Total	\$ 1,696,593	\$ 10,572,200

MUSL places a percentage of game sales from each game in separate prize reserve funds that serve as a contingency reserve to protect the respective MUSL Product Groups from unforeseen prize liabilities. These funds can only be used at the discretion of the respective MUSL Product Group. Once the prize reserve funds exceed the designated limit, the excess becomes part of that particular prize pool. Prize reserve fund monies are refundable to MUSL Product Group members if the MUSL disbands or, after one year, if a member leaves the MUSL. The applicable sales percentage contribution as well as the reserve fund limit for the MUSL games is as follows:

	<u>PowerBall</u>	<u>Lotto America</u>	<u>Mega Millions</u>
Required Contribution (% of sales)	2%	3%	1%
Reserve Fund Cap	\$125,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$45,000,000

At November 30, 2021, the Lotteries share of the prize reserve fund balances were as follows:

<u>Game</u>	<u>Total Prize Reserve</u>	<u>Lottery Share</u>
Powerball	\$ 116,571,666	\$ 1,384,413
Lotto America	4,781,006	361,433
Mega Millions	93,745,481	915,930
Total	\$ 215,098,153	\$ 2,661,776

Lottery prize reserves held by the MUSL are invested according to a Trust agreement the Lottery has with MUSL outlining investment policies. The policies restrict investments to direct obligations of the United States Government, perfected repurchase agreements, and obligations issued or guaranteed as to payment of

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 5 - PARTICIPATION IN THE MULTI-STATE LOTTERY (continued)**

principal and interest by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States Government, and mutual funds of approved investments. The average portfolio maturity is never more than one year, except that up to one third of the portfolio may have an average maturity of up to two years. The maximum maturity for any one security does not exceed five years.

The interest earned on prize reserve fund monies is used to pay MUSL operating expenses and any amounts over and above that are credited to an unreserved fund. The Lottery records this as interest when earned. This fund had a balance of \$19,282,318 at November 30, 2021, of which the Lottery's share was \$1,421,892.

**NOTE 6 - RACETRACK VIDEO LOTTERY**

The Racetrack Video Lottery legislation stipulates the distribution of racetrack video lottery revenues. This legislation has been amended since inception to restate revenue distribution based on revenue benchmarks and has been amended again by HB 101 as passed during the first extraordinary session of 2014. For a complete summary of the impacts of HB 101, see Note 11 titled "Summary Impact of Recent Legislation." Initially, four percent (4%) of gross terminal revenue is allocated for lottery administrative costs. Sixty-six percent (57%) of net terminal revenue (gross less 4%) is allocated in lieu of commissions to: the racetracks (46.5%); other private entities associated with the racing industry (8.7%); and the local county and municipal governments (2%). The remaining revenues (42.8%) of net terminal revenue is allocated for distribution to State as specified in the Racetrack Video Lottery Act or subsequent State budget, as described in the Note 11 titled "Nonoperating Distributions to the State of West Virginia."

The first benchmark occurs when the current year net terminal revenue meets the fiscal year 1999 net terminal revenue. The counties and incorporated municipalities split 50/50 the two percent (2%) net terminal revenue.

The second benchmark occurs when the current year gross terminal revenue meets the fiscal year 2001 gross terminal revenue. The four percent (4%) is no longer allocated for lottery administrative costs; instead the State receives this for distribution as specified by legislation or the State budget.

The final benchmark occurs when the current year net terminal revenue meets the fiscal year 2001 net terminal revenue. At this point a 10% surcharge is applied to net terminal revenue, with 58% of the surcharge allocated for distribution to the State as specified by legislation or the State budget, and 42% of the surcharge allocated to separate capital reinvestment funds for each licensed racetrack.

After deduction of the surcharge, 49% of net terminal revenue is allocated in lieu of commissions to: the racetracks (42%); other private entities associated with the racing industry (5%); and the local county and incorporated municipality governments (2%).

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 6 - RACETRACK VIDEO LOTTERY (continued)**

The remaining net terminal revenue (51%) is allocated for distribution to the State as specified in the Racetrack Video Lottery Act or subsequent State budget, as described in Note 11.

Amounts from the capital reinvestment fund may be distributed to each racetrack if qualifying expenditures are made within the statutory timeframe; otherwise, amounts accumulated in the fund revert to the state excess lottery revenue fund.

A summary of racetrack video lottery revenues for the month ended November 30, 2021 and fiscal year-to-date follows (in thousands):

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Total credits played	\$ 418,212	\$ 307,471	\$ 2,279,883	\$ 1,841,035
Credits (prizes) won	(375,832)	(276,456)	(2,046,374)	(1,652,560)
Promotional credits played	(5,878)	(4,524)	(33,921)	(26,848)
Gross terminal income	<u>36,502</u>	<u>26,491</u>	<u>199,588</u>	<u>161,627</u>
Administrative costs	(1,460)	(1,060)	(7,984)	(6,465)
Net Terminal Income	<u>35,042</u>	<u>25,431</u>	<u>191,604</u>	<u>155,162</u>
Less distribution to agents	(20,026)	(14,534)	(109,502)	(88,675)
Racetrack video lottery revenues	<u>\$ 15,016</u>	<u>\$ 10,897</u>	<u>\$ 82,102</u>	<u>\$ 66,487</u>

A summary of video lottery revenues paid or accrued for certain state funds to conform to the legislation as follows (in thousands):

	<u>November 30, 2021</u>	<u>Year-to-Date</u>
State Lottery Fund	\$ 10,513	\$ 57,481
State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund	4,503	24,621
Capital Reinvestment Fund	-	-
Total nonoperating distributions	<u>\$ 15,016</u>	<u>\$ 82,102</u>

**NOTE 7 - LIMITED VIDEO LOTTERY**

Limited video lottery legislation passed in 2001 has established specific requirements imposing certain restrictions limiting the licensing for the operation of limited video lottery games to 9,000 terminals placed in licensed retailers. These licensed retailers must hold a qualifying permit for the sale and consumption on premises of alcohol or non-intoxicating beer. The Lottery has been charged with the administration, monitoring and regulation of these machines. The legislation further stipulates the distribution of revenues from the limited video lottery games, and requires any licensees to comply with all related rules and regulations of the Lottery in order to continue its retailer status. The Limited Video Lottery legislation

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 7 - LIMITED VIDEO LOTTERY (continued)**

stipulates that 2% of gross terminal income be deposited into the state lottery fund for administrative costs. Then, the state share percentage of gross profit is to be transferred to the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund. Such percentage is between 30 and 50 percent and is subject to change on a quarterly basis. Two percent is distributed to counties and incorporated municipalities in the manner prescribed by the statute. The remaining amount of gross profit is paid to retailers and/or operators as prescribed in the Act, and is recorded as limited video lottery commissions in the financial statements. Municipal and county distributions are accounted for as nonoperating expenses.

A summary of limited video lottery revenues for the month ended November 30, 2021 and fiscal year-to-date follows (in thousands):

	Current Month		Year-to-Date	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Total credits played	\$ 507,825	\$ 424,784	\$ 2,625,046	\$ 2,387,779
Credits (prizes) won	(469,205)	(392,050)	(2,422,929)	(2,202,885)
Gross terminal income	\$ 38,620	\$ 32,734	\$ 202,117	\$ 184,894
Administrative costs	(772)	(655)	(4,042)	(3,698)
Gross Profit	37,848	32,079	198,075	181,196
Commissions	(18,924)	(16,040)	(99,037)	(90,598)
Municipalities and Counties	(757)	(641)	(3,962)	(3,624)
Limited video lottery revenues	<u>\$ 18,167</u>	<u>\$ 15,398</u>	<u>\$ 95,076</u>	<u>\$ 86,974</u>

**NOTE 8 – TABLE GAMES**

Table Games legislation passed in 2007 per House Bill 2718. Table games include blackjack, roulette, craps, and various types of poker. Each racetrack licensee is subject to a privilege tax of thirty five percent (35%) of adjusted gross receipts which will be deposited weekly into the Racetrack Table Games Fund.

From the gross amounts deposited into the Racetrack Table Games Fund, the Commission, on a monthly basis shall:

Retain 3% of the adjusted gross receipts for administrative expenses of which at least \$100,000 and not more than \$500,000 annually will be transferred to the Compulsive Gambling Treatment Fund. Transfer two percent of the adjusted gross receipts from each licensed racetrack to the county commissions of the counties where racetracks with West Virginia Lottery table games are located. Transfer three percent of the adjusted gross receipts from each licensed racetrack to the governing bodies of municipalities within counties where racetracks with West Virginia Lottery table games are located as prescribed by statute. And transfer one-half of one percent of the adjusted gross receipts to the governing bodies of municipalities in which a racetrack table games licensee is located to be divided equally among the municipalities. The commission will distribute the remaining amounts, hereinafter referred to as the net amounts in the Racetrack Table Games Funds as follows:

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 8 – TABLE GAMES (continued)**

- 1) Transfer four percent into a special fund to be established by the Racing Commission to be used for payment into the pension plan for all employees of each licensed racing association;
- 2) Transfer ten percent, to be divided and paid in equal shares, to each county commission in the state where table games are not located;
- 3) Transfer ten percent, to be divided and paid in equal shares, to the governing bodies of each municipality in the state where table games are not located; and
- 4) Transfer seventy-six percent to the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund.

The cash transferred to the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund in the current month is included in Note 11- Nonoperating Distributions to the State of West Virginia. The table games adjusted gross receipts for the month and year ended November 30, 2021 were \$9,951,219 and \$44,208,610, respectively. The following table shows the month and year totals of the privilege tax and the accrued distributions (in thousands) to be transferred in the subsequent month:

	Current Month		Year-to-Date	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Table Games Privilege Tax	\$ 3,483	\$ 1,976	\$ 15,473	\$ 9,915
Interest on Table Games Fund	-	-	1	2
Administrative costs	(299)	(169)	(1,326)	(850)
Total Available for Distribution	<u>3,184</u>	<u>1,807</u>	<u>14,148</u>	<u>9,067</u>
<u>Less Distributions:</u>				
Racetrack Purse Funds	224	127	995	637
Thoroughbred & Greyhound Development Funds	179	102	796	510
Racing Association Pension Plan	88	50	389	249
Municipalities/ Counties	<u>985</u>	<u>559</u>	<u>4,376</u>	<u>2,805</u>
Total Distributions	<u>1,476</u>	<u>838</u>	<u>6,556</u>	<u>4,201</u>
Excess Lottery Fund	<u>\$ 1,708</u>	<u>\$ 969</u>	<u>\$ 7,592</u>	<u>\$ 4,866</u>



**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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**NOTE 9 – HISTORIC RESORT HOTEL**

In 2009, the Legislature passed Senate Bill 575 which permits video lottery and table games at a licensed historic resort hotel which is defined as “a resort hotel registered with the United States Department of the Interior as a national historic landmark in its National Registry of Historic Places having not fewer than five hundred guest rooms under common ownership and having substantial recreational guest amenities in addition to the gaming facility.”

Historic Resort Video Lottery

According to Senate Bill 575, thirty six percent (36%) of gross terminal income is allocated to Historic Resort Hotel Fund and seventeen percent (17%) of gross terminal income is allocated to the Human Resource Benefit Fund. The remaining forty-seven percent (47%) of gross terminal income is then subject to a ten percent (10%) surcharge which is allocated to separate capital reinvestment funds for each licensed historic resort hotel. The remaining forty-two and three-tenths percent (42.3%) of gross terminal income is retained by the historic resort hotel.

A summary of historic resort hotel video lottery revenues for the month ended November 30, 2021 and fiscal year-to-date follows (in thousands):

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Total credits played	\$ 6,365	\$ 5,933	\$ 37,052	\$ 41,024
Credits (prizes) won	(5,850)	(5,424)	(34,216)	(38,167)
Promotional credits played	(74)	(72)	(391)	(599)
Gross terminal income	<u>441</u>	<u>437</u>	<u>2,445</u>	<u>2,258</u>
Capital reinvestment	(21)	(21)	(115)	(106)
Excess Lottery Fund	(4)	(3)	(22)	(20)
Administrative costs	(24)	(24)	(132)	(122)
Hotel commissions	(186)	(185)	(1,034)	(955)
Net terminal income	<u>206</u>	<u>204</u>	<u>1,142</u>	<u>1,055</u>
Historic Resort Hotel Fund	131	130	726	671
Human Resource Benefit Fund	75	74	416	384

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 9 – HISTORIC RESORT HOTEL (continued)**

Historic Resort Table Games

Each historic resort hotel licensee is subject to a privilege tax of thirty five percent (35%) of adjusted gross receipts, of which thirty percent (30%) is deposited directly into the Historic Resort Hotel Fund and five percent (5%) is deposited directly into the Human Resource Benefit Fund. The historic resort hotel table games adjusted gross receipts for the month and year ended November 30, 2021 were \$643,197 and \$3,766,732 respectively.

The following table shows the month and fiscal year -to- date totals of the privilege tax and the accrued distributions (in thousands) to be transferred in the subsequent month:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Table games privilege tax	\$ 225	\$ 157	\$ 1,318	\$ 1,033
Administrative Costs	(29)	(20)	(169)	(133)
Total Available for Distribution	196	137	1,149	900
Historic Resort Hotel Fund	164	114	961	752
Human Resource Benefit Fund	32	23	188	148

Historic Resort Hotel Fund

Of the monies deposited into the Historic Resort Hotel Fund, fifteen percent (15%) is allocated for lottery administrative costs. The remaining Historic Resort Hotel Fund net income (gross deposits less 15%) is distributed as follows:

- 1) Eighty-six percent (86%) is paid to the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund;
- 2) Four percent (4%) is paid to the county where the gaming facility is located;
- 3) Two and one-half percent (2.5%) is paid to the municipality where the gaming facility is located as prescribed by statute;
- 4) Two and one-half percent (2.5%) is divided and paid in equal shares to the remaining municipalities in the county where the gaming facility is located;
- 5) Two and one-half percent (2.5%) is divided and paid in equal shares, to each county commission in the state where the gaming facility is not located;
- 6) Two and one-half percent (2.5%) is divided and paid in equal shares, to each municipality in the state not already receiving a distribution as described in item five (5) or item six (6) above.

A summary of Historic Resort Hotel Fund revenues and related distributions is as follows (in thousands):

	<u>Current Month</u>	<u>Year-to-Date</u>
Historic Resort Hotel Video Lottery	\$ 131	\$ 726
Historic Resort Table Games	164	961
Interest on Historic Resort Hotel Fund	-	-
Historic Resort Hotel Fund Net Income	295	1,687
Municipalities/ Counties	41	236
Excess Lottery Fund	254	1,451
Total Distributions	<u>\$ 295</u>	<u>\$ 1,687</u>

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 10– SPORTS WAGERING**

Sports Wagering legislation passed in 2018 per Senate Bill 415. Each racetrack and historic resort hotel licensee is subject to a privilege tax of ten percent (10%) of adjusted gross wagering receipts which will be deposited weekly into the Sports Wagering Fund.

From the privilege tax deposited into the Sports Wagering Fund, the Commission, on a monthly basis shall:

Retain 15% for administrative expenses of which any surplus in excess of \$250,000 shall be reported to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance and remitted to the State Treasurer.

After the reduction for administrative expenses, the net profit shall be deposited into the State Lottery Fund until a total of \$15 million is deposited. The remainder of net profit shall be deposited into the Public Employees Insurance Agency Financial Stability Fund.

The Sports Wagering adjusted gross wagering receipts for the month and year-to-date periods ended November 30, 2021 were \$6,843,302 and \$20,991,349, respectively. The following table shows the month and year-to-date totals of the privilege tax and the accrued distributions (in thousands) to be transferred in the subsequent month:

	Current Month		Year-to-Date	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Sports Wagering Privilege Tax	\$ 684	\$ 459	\$ 2,099	\$ 1,648
Interest on Sports Waging Fund	-	-	-	-
Administrative Costs	(102)	(69)	(315)	(247)
Total Available for Distribution	<b>582</b>	390	<b>1,784</b>	1,401

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 11– INTERACTIVE WAGERING**

Interactive Wagering legislation passed in 2019 per House Bill 2934. Each racetrack and historic resort hotel licensee is subject to a privilege tax of fifteen percent (15%) of adjusted gross interactive gaming receipts which will be deposited weekly into the Interactive Wagering Fund.

From the privilege tax deposited into the Interactive Wagering Fund, the Commission, on a monthly basis shall:

Retain 15% for administrative expenses of which any surplus in excess of \$250,000 shall be reported to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance and remitted to the State Treasurer.

In each fiscal year, the Lottery Commission shall deposit one-quarter of a percent of the net profit into each of the four special funds established by the Racing Commission, pursuant to §29-22A-10 and §29-22C-27 to be used for payment into the pension plan for the employees of the licensed racing associations in this state.

After the reduction for administrative expenses and the pension plans for the racing associations, the net profit shall be deposited into the State Lottery Fund.

The Interactive Wagering adjusted gross interactive gaming receipts for the month and year-to-date periods ended November 30, 2021 were \$6,503,040 and \$29,075,650 respectively. The following table shows the month and year-to-date totals of the privilege tax and the accrued distributions (in thousands) to be transferred in the subsequent month:

	Current Month		Year-to-Date	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Interactive Wagering Privilege Tax	\$ 975	\$ 339	\$ 4,361	\$ 1,027
Interest on Interactive Wagering Fund	-	-	-	-
Administrative Costs	(146)	(51)	(654)	(154)
Total Available for Distribution	<u>829</u>	<u>288</u>	<u>3,707</u>	<u>873</u>

A summary of Interactive Gaming Fund related distributions is as follows (in thousands):

	Current Month	Year-to-Date
Pensions	8	37
Lottery Fund	821	3,670
Total Distributions	<u>\$ 829</u>	<u>\$ 3,707</u>

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 12- NONOPERATING DISTRIBUTIONS TO THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA**

The Lottery periodically distributes surplus funds, exclusive of amounts incurred and derived from limited video lottery and a portion of racetrack video lottery funds, to the State of West Virginia in accordance with the legislation. For the year ending June 30, 2022 the State Legislature budgeted \$125,422,650 of estimated profits of the Lottery for distributions to designated special revenue accounts of the State of West Virginia. With regard to the State Lottery Fund, legislation stipulates that debt service payments be given a priority over all other transfers in instances where estimated profits are not sufficient to provide for payment of all appropriated distributions. Debt service payments of \$1,800,000, \$1,000,000, and \$500,000 per month for the first ten months of each fiscal year currently have such priority. Transfers made pursuant to the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund have similar requirements; currently payments are \$6,539,201 per month for the first ten months of each fiscal year. In addition, Legislation provides that, if in any month, there is a shortage of funds in the State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund to make debt service payments, the necessary amount shall be transferred from the State Lottery Fund to cover such shortfall, after the State Lottery Fund debt service payments have been made. Repayments to the State Lottery Fund are required to be made in subsequent months as funds become available. For the month ended November 30, 2021 the Lottery has accrued additional distributions of \$139,716,809. The Lottery is a non-appropriated state agency and therefore does not have a legally adopted annual budget.

A summary of the cash distributions made to certain state agencies to conform to the legislation follows (in thousands):

<u>BUDGETARY DISTRIBUTIONS</u>	<u>November 30, 2021</u>	<u>Year-to-Date</u>
<u>State Lottery Fund:</u>		
Community and Technical College	\$ 500	\$ 2,497
Bureau of Senior Services	6,484	59,003
Department of Education	2,075	13,524
Library Commission	1,664	10,846
Higher Education-Policy Commission	1,048	6,840
Tourism	973	6,341
General Revenue		
Natural Resources	498	3,244
Division of Culture & History	617	4,016
Economic Development Authority	1,000	4,998
School Building Authority	1,800	9,000
Total State Lottery Fund	<u>\$ 16,659</u>	<u>\$ 120,309</u>

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund:

Economic Development Fund	\$ 2,101	\$ 10,510
Higher Education Improvement Fund	1,500	7,500
General Purpose Account	6,432	25,684
Higher Education Improvement Fund	2,870	11,459
State Park Improvement Fund	149	594
School Building Authority	1,898	9,493
Refundable Credit		558
WV Racing Commission	198	1,590
WV Department of Health and Human Resources		
Teacher's Retirement Savings		
Division of Human Services		17,000
WV Lottery Statutory Transfers	6,039	24,112
Economic Development Authority	439	2,196
General Revenue Fund		
Office of Technology		
Excess Lottery Surplus		
West Va. Infrastructure Council	4,559	18,809
Total State Excess Lottery Revenue Fund	<u>\$ 26,185</u>	<u>\$ 129,505</u>
Total Budgetary distributions:	<u>\$ 42,844</u>	<u>\$ 249,814</u>
Veterans Instant Ticket Fund	\$ 46	\$ 282
Total nonoperating distributions to the State of West Virginia (cash basis)	\$ 42,890	\$ 250,096
Accrued nonoperating distributions, beginning	(140,493)	(166,942)
Accrued nonoperating distributions, end	<u>139,717</u>	<u>139,717</u>
	<u>\$ 42,114</u>	<u>\$ 222,871</u>

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 13 – LEASES**

The Lottery leases, under a cancelable operating lease, its office and warehouse facilities. The Lottery also leases various office equipment under agreements considered to be cancellable operating leases. Rental expense for the fiscal year-to-date ended November 30, 2021 and November 30, 2020 approximated \$104,462 and \$79,903 respectively.

The Lottery leases office space under the terms of a non-cancellable operating lease to various tenants. Rental revenues for the fiscal year-to-date ended November 30, 2021 and November 30, 2020 approximated \$445,538 and \$450,171 respectively.

**NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS**

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 the Lottery Commission has not designated any unexpended administrative funds for the acquisition of capital assets. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, \$7,612,621 and \$8,073,287, respectively, are included in unrestricted net position and net investment in capital assets for this purpose.

**NOTE 15 - RETIREMENT BENEFITS**

All full-time Lottery employees are eligible to participate in the State of West Virginia Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system. The PERS is one of several plans administered by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement (CPRB) under the direction of its Board of Trustees, which consists of the Governor, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Secretary of the Department of Administration, and nine members appointed by the Governor. CPRB prepares separately issued financial statements covering all retirement systems it administers, which can be obtained from Consolidated Public Retirement Board, 4101 MacCorkle Ave. S.E., Charleston, West Virginia 25304-1636.

Employees who retire at or after age sixty with five or more years of contributory service or who retire at or after age fifty-five and have completed twenty-five years of credited service with age and credited service equal to eighty or greater are eligible for retirement benefits as established by State statute. Retirement benefits are payable monthly for life, in the form of a straight-line annuity equal to two percent of the employee's average annual salary from the highest 36 consecutive months within the last 10 years of employment, multiplied by the number of years of the employee's credited service at the time of retirement.

Covered employees hired prior to July 1, 2015 are required to contribute 4.5% of their salary to the PERS. Covered employees hired on or after July 1, 2015 will contribute 6.0% of their salary to the PERS Tier II. The Lottery is required to contribute 13.5% of covered employees' salaries to the PERS. The required employee and employer contribution percentages have been established and changed from time to time by action of the State Legislature. The required contributions are not actuarially determined; however, actuarial valuations are performed to assist the Legislature in determining appropriate contributions. The Lottery and employee contributions, for the month ending November 30, 2021 and fiscal year-to-date are as follows (in thousands):

	November 30, 2021	Year-to-Date
Employee contributions	\$ 29	\$ 167
Lottery contributions	60	350
Total contributions	\$ 89	\$ 517

**WEST VIRGINIA LOTTERY**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**-Unaudited-**

**NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Lottery is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Lottery participates in several risk management programs administered by the State of West Virginia. Each of these risk pools has issued separate audited financial reports on their operations. Those reports include the required supplementary information concerning the reconciliation of claims liabilities by type of contract and ten-year claim development information. Complete financial statements of the individual insurance enterprise funds can be obtained directly from their respective administrative offices.

**WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE**

The Lottery carries workers compensation insurance coverage through a commercial insurance carrier. The commercial insurance carrier is paid a monthly rated premium to provide compensation for injuries sustained in the course of employment.

**PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' INSURANCE AGENCY (PEIA)**

The Lottery participates in the Public Employees' Insurance Agency which provides an employee benefit insurance program to employees. PEIA was established by the State of West Virginia for State agencies, institutions of higher education, Boards of Education and component units of the State. In addition, local governmental entities and certain charitable and public service organizations may request to be covered by PEIA. PEIA provides a base employee benefit insurance program which includes hospital, surgical, major medical, prescription drug and basic life and accidental death. Underwriting and rate setting policies are established by PEIA. The cost of all coverage as determined by PEIA shall be paid by the participants. Premiums are established by PEIA and are paid monthly, and are dependent upon, among other things, coverage required, number of dependents, state vs. non state employees and active employees vs. retired employees and level of compensation. Coverage under these programs is limited to \$1 million lifetime for health and \$10,000 of life insurance coverage.

The PEIA risk pool retains all risks for the health and prescription features of its indemnity plan. PEIA has fully transferred the risks of coverage to the Managed Care Organization (MCO) Plan to the plan provider, and has transferred the risks of the life insurance coverage to a third party insurer. PEIA presently charges equivalent premiums for participants in either the indemnity plan or the MCO Plan. Altogether, PEIA insures approximately 205,000 individuals, including participants and dependents.

**BOARD OF RISK AND INSURANCE MANAGEMENT (BRIM)**

The Lottery participates in the West Virginia Board of Risk and Insurance Management (BRIM), a common risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for all State agencies, component units, and other local governmental agencies who wish to participate. The Lottery pays an annual premium to BRIM for its general insurance coverage. Fund underwriting and rate setting policies are established by BRIM. The cost of all coverage as determined by BRIM shall be paid by the participants. The BRIM risk pool retains the risk of the first \$1 million per property event and purchases excess insurance on losses above that level. Excess coverage, through an outside insurer under this program is limited to \$200 million per event, subject to limits on certain property. BRIM has \$1 million per occurrence coverage maximum on all third-party liability claims.



**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND NET REVENUES OF THE  
 LOTTERY FUND AND EXCESS LOTTERY FUND  
 FOR THE FIVE MONTH PERIOD ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2021  
 (In Thousands)**

	Current Month		FISCAL YEAR	
	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Gross Revenues				
Instant games	15,208	7,500	71,030	37,500
On-line games	5,333	5,033	30,967	25,166
Racetrack video lottery	36,502	36,838	199,588	191,001
Limited video lottery	38,620	27,851	202,117	141,495
Racetrack table games	3,483	2,395	15,473	12,246
Historic resort	666	395	3,763	2,028
Sports wagering	684	208	2,099	1,041
Interactive wagering	975	-	4,361	-
Total gross revenues	<u>101,471</u>	<u>80,220</u>	<u>529,398</u>	<u>410,477</u>
Net Revenues - Lottery Fund and Excess Lottery Fund				
Lottery Fund				
Instant games	1,640	871	7,524	4,353
On-line games	1,479	1,444	8,130	7,222
Racetrack Video Lottery	10,514	10,609	57,489	55,008
Sports wagering	582	177	1,785	885
Interactive wagering	821	-	3,671	-
Total Lottery Fund net revenues	<u>15,036</u>	<u>13,101</u>	<u>78,599</u>	<u>67,468</u>
Excess Lottery Fund				
Racetrack Video Lottery	4,503	4,546	24,623	23,561
Limited Video Lottery	18,130	13,101	95,005	66,559
Limited Video Lottery Fees	8	-	1,077	-
Racetrack table games	1,709	1,175	7,591	6,007
Historic resort	258	159	1,473	794
Total Excess Lottery Fund Net Revenues	<u>24,608</u>	<u>18,981</u>	<u>129,769</u>	<u>96,921</u>
Total Net Revenues	<u>39,644</u>	<u>32,082</u>	<u>208,368</u>	<u>164,389</u>